

ARTESYN CSU800AP-3-600 SERIES

800 Watts Distributed Power System



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Advanced Energy's Artesyn CSU800AP power supply is housed in a 1U high rack-mount enclosure measuring just 2.89 x 7.28 in (73.5 x 185.0 mm). This form factor is significantly narrower and shorter than that of similarly rated earlier generation power supplies — freeing up valuable system space — and is achieved by use of the latest power switching technology and high density component packaging techniques. This form factor conforms to the standard market's Common Redundant Power Supplies.

SPECIAL FEATURES

- 800W output power
- High power and short form factor
- 1U power supply
- High density design: 25W/in³
- Active power factor correction
- EN61000-3-2 harmonic compliance
- Inrush current control
- 80 PLUS[®] Platinum efficiency
- N+M redundant N+M ≤ 4
- Hot-pluggable
- Active current sharing
- Full digital control
- PMBus[™] compliant
- Accurate input power reporting
- EN61000-4-5 surge level
±1KV/±2KV DM/CM
- Cold redundancy

- Reserve airflow option
- Conducted/Radiated EMI class A

SAFETY

- UL/cUL
- TUV + CB Report
- CE Mark
- CCC
- BSMI
- KC
- BIS
- EAC

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Industrial

AT A GLANCE

Total Power

800 Watts

Input Voltage

90 to 264 Vac
180 to 300 Vdc

of Outputs

Single



MODEL NUMBERS

| Standard | Output Voltage | Minimum Load | Maximum Load | Stand-By Supply | Air Flow Direction |
|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| CSU800AP-3-600 | 12.2 Vdc | 1 A | 66.7 A | 12 Vdc@3 A | Normal (DC connector to handle) |
| CSU800AP-3-601 | 12.2 Vdc | 1 A | 66.7 A | 12 Vdc@3 A | Reversed (Handle to DC connector) |

Options

None

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stress in excess of those listed in the “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the power supply. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the unit is not implied at these or any other conditions above those given in the operational sections of this TRN. Exposure to any absolute maximum rated condition for extended periods may adversely affect the power supply’s reliability.

| Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------|-------------|-----|--------|--------|-----|
| Parameter | Models | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | |
| Input Voltage | AC continuous operation | All models | $V_{IN,AC}$ | 90 | - | 264 | Vac |
| | DC continuous operation | All models | $V_{IN,DC}$ | 180 | - | 300 | Vdc |
| Maximum Output Power | All models | $P_{O,max}$ | - | - | 800 | W | |
| Isolation Voltage | Input to output | All models | - | - | 4242 | Vdc | |
| Ambient Operating Temperature ¹ | All models | T_A | 0 | - | 55 | °C | |
| Storage Temperature | All models | T_{STG} | -40 | - | 70 | °C | |
| Humidity (non-condensing) | Operating | All models | 0 | - | 90 | % | |
| | Non-operating | All models | 0 | - | 95 | % | |
| Altitude | Operating | All models | - | - | 5,000 | m | |
| | Non-operating | All models | - | - | 15,200 | m | |
| MTBF | Telcordia Method 1 Case Nominal Line and 50°C | All models | 750 | - | - | KHours | |
| Operating Life | 100% load 50°C operating temperature Normal input voltage | All models | - | 5 | - | Years | |

Note 1 - The maximum operating temperature (55°C) is to be derated by 1°C per 300 m above 2000 m.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Input Specifications

| Table 2. Input Specifications | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------------|------------------|---------|------|------|
| Parameter | Condition | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| Operating Input Voltage, AC | All | $V_{IN,AC}$ | 90 | 115/230 | 264 | Vac |
| Operating Input Voltage, DC | All | $V_{IN,DC}$ | 180 | - | 300 | Vdc |
| Input AC Frequency | All | $f_{IN,AC}$ | 47 | 50/60 | 63 | Hz |
| AC Turn On Voltage ¹ | All | | 79 | - | 89 | Vac |
| AC Turn Off Voltage ¹ | All | | 75 | - | 85 | Vac |
| AC Input Over Voltage Protection | All | | 285 | - | 300 | Vac |
| AC Input Recovery | All | | 275 | - | 285 | Vac |
| Maximum Input Current ($I_O = I_{O,max}$, $I_{SB} = I_{SB,max}$) | $V_{IN,AC} = 90 \text{ Vac} / 60 \text{ Hz}$ | $I_{IN,max}$ | - | - | 11.7 | A |
| | $V_{IN,AC} = 180 \text{ Vac} / 50 \text{ Hz}$ | | - | - | 5.8 | A |
| No Load Input Power ($V_O = \text{On}$, $I_O = 0 \text{ A}$, $I_{SB} = 0 \text{ A}$) | All | $P_{IN,no-load}$ | - | - | 5 | W |
| Harmonic Line Currents | All | THD | Per EN 61000-3-2 | | | |
| Power Factor | $I_O > 10\% I_{O,max}$ | PF | 0.90 | - | - | |
| Startup Surge Current (Inrush) @ 25°C | $V_{IN,AC} = 240 \text{ Vac}$ | $I_{IN,surge}$ | - | - | 35 | Apk |
| Input Fuse | Internal, L 5x20 mm, Quick Acting 12.5 A, 400 Vdc | | - | - | 12.5 | A |
| Leakage Current to Earth Ground | $V_{IN,AC} = 264 \text{ Vac}$ $f_{IN,AC} = 50 \text{ Hz}$ | | - | - | 1.75 | mA |
| Operating Efficiency ² @ 25°C | $V_{IN,AC} = 230 \text{ Vac}$ $f_{IN,AC} = 50 \text{ Hz}$ $I_O = 10\% I_{O,max}$ $I_O = 20\% I_{O,max}$ $I_O = 50\% I_{O,max}$ $I_O = 100\% I_{O,max}$ | η | 87 | - | - | % |
| | | | 90 | - | - | % |
| | | | 94 | - | - | % |
| | | | 91 | - | - | % |
| System Stability | Phase Margin | | 45 | - | - | ° |
| | Gain Margin | | -6 | - | - | dB |

Note 1 - Turn on/off hysteresis is $\geq 5 \text{ V}$.
 Note 2 - Measured excluding fan power.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Output Specifications

| Table 3. Output Specifications | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|--------|--------|---------|---------------|
| Parameter | Condition | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| Output Regulation | Inclusive of set-point, temperature change, warm-up drift. | V_O | 11.8 | 12.2 | 12.6 | Vdc |
| | | V_{SB} | 11.4 | 12.0 | 12.6 | |
| Output Ripple, pk-pk | Measure with a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor in parallel with a 10 μ F tantalum capacitor, 10 to 20 MHz bandwidth | V_O | - | - | 120 | mV_{PK-PK} |
| | | V_{SB} | - | - | 120 | |
| Output Current | All | I_O | 1 | - | 66.7 | A |
| | All | I_{SB} | 0 | - | 3 | |
| Output Current Share Accuracy | 20% to 100% I_O 10% to 20% I_O | | - - | - - | 5 10 | % I_O |
| Output Voltage Minimum Current Share Loading | All | | 10 | - | - | % $I_{O,max}$ |
| Number of Parallel Units ¹ | Main output "12 V load share" connected | | - | - | 4 | |
| Load Capacitance | Main output start up, stability, cold redundancy and dynamic load | | 2200 | - | 25000 | μ F |
| | Standby output start up | | 100 | - | 3100 | μ F |
| V_O Dynamic Response ² Peak Deviation | 60% load change, slew rate = 0.5 A/us | V_O | 11.6 | - | 12.8 | V |
| | 1A load change, slew rate = 0.5 A/us | V_{SB} | 11.4 | - | 12.8 | V |

Note 1 - V_{SB} output does not use active current sharing. On paralleled units, the maximum current on V_{SB} output rail can not exceed the current of one unit.
 Note 2 - Recommend to test with 2200 μ F capacitive load at the V_O output and 1000 μ F at V_{SB} output. 1 A minimum current for transient load response testing only.

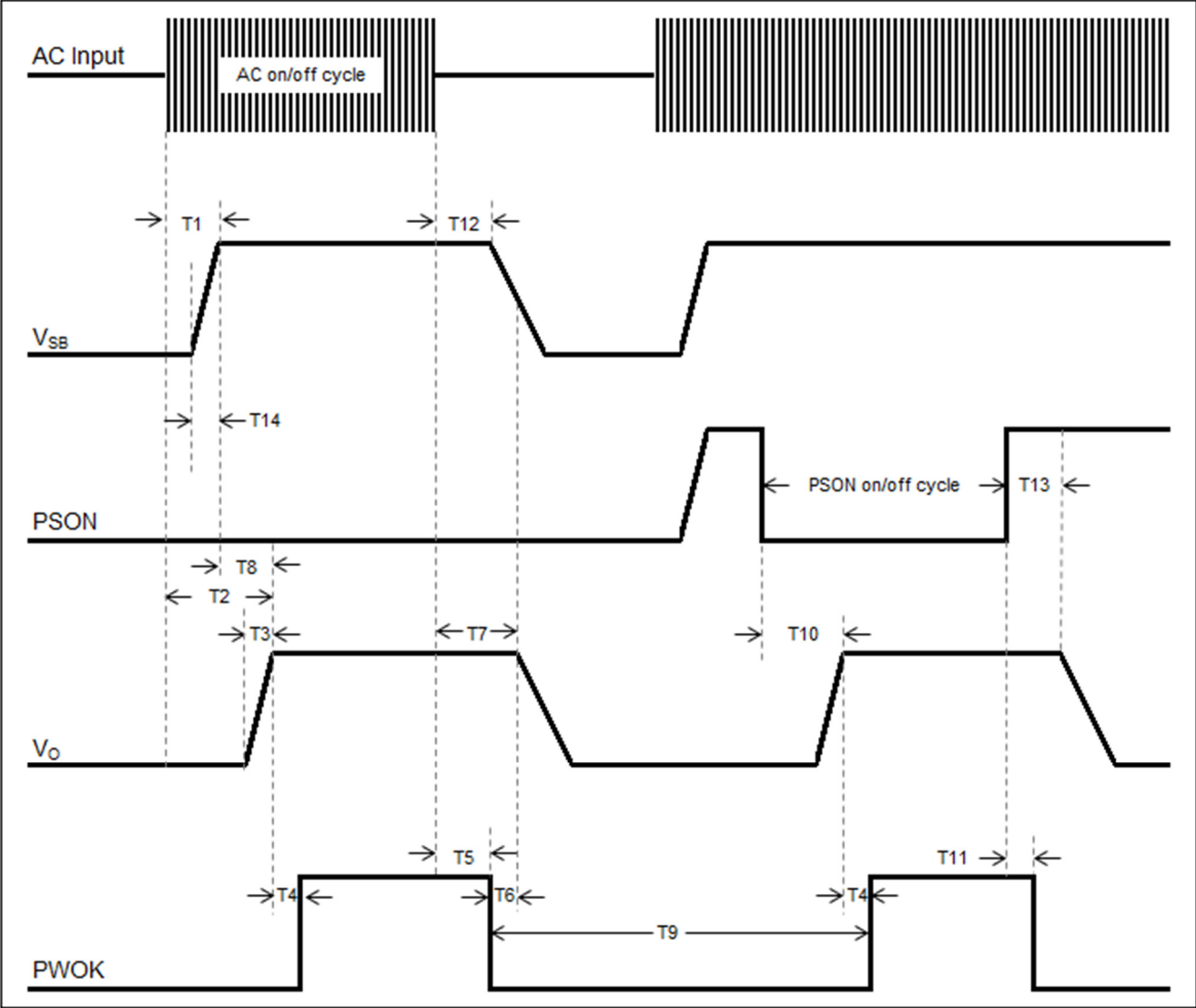
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

System Timing Specifications

| Table 4. System Timing Specifications | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|-----|-----|------|------|
| Label | Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| T1 | Delay from AC being applied to V_{SB} being within regulation. | - | - | 1500 | mSec |
| T2 | Delay from AC being applied to all output voltages being within regulation. | - | - | 3000 | mSec |
| T3 | Output voltage rise time for 12 V from 10 % to within regulation limits. | - | - | 25 | mSec |
| T4 | Delay from output voltages within regulation limits to PWOK asserted high at turn on. | 100 | - | 500 | mSec |
| T5 | Delay from loss of AC to de-assertion of PWOK. | 10 | - | - | mSec |
| T6 | Delay from PWOK de-asserted to output voltages dropping out of regulation limits. | 1 | - | - | mSec |
| T7 | Hold up time - time output voltages stay within regulation after the loss of AC at 100 % load. *The hold-up time will be >20 ms at 50 % load. | 11 | - | - | mSec |
| T8 | Delay from standby voltage in regulation to output voltage in regulation at AC turn on. | 50 | - | 1000 | mSec |
| T9 | Duration of PWOK being in the de-asserted state during an off/on cycle using AC or the PSON signal. | 100 | - | - | mSec |
| T10 | Delay from PSON active to output voltages within regulation limits. | 5 | - | 400 | mSec |
| T11 | Delay from PSON deactive to PWOK de-asserted low. | - | - | 5 | mSec |
| T12 | Hold up time - time standby voltages stay within regulation after the loss of AC. | 70 | - | - | mSec |
| T13 | Delay from PSON de-asserted to power supply turning off. | - | - | 5 | mSec |
| T14 | Output voltage rise time for $12V_{SB}$ from 10% to within regulation limits. | - | - | 70 | mSec |

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

System Timing Diagram



ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

CSU800AP Series Performance Curves

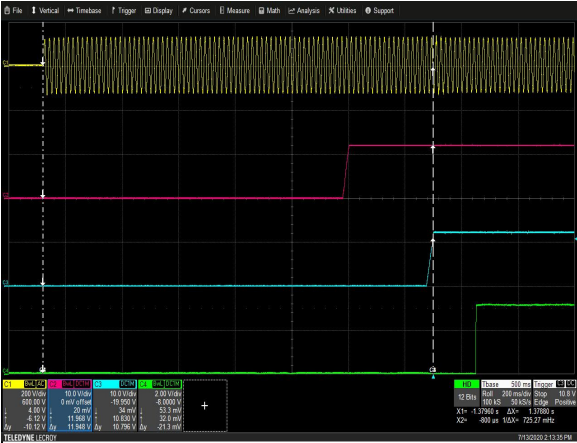


Figure 1: CSU800AP-3-600 Turn-on delay via AC mains
 Vin = 90 Vac Load: I_O = 66.7 A I_{SB} = 3 A
 Ch 1: AC Mains Ch 2: V_{SB} Ch 3: V_O Ch 4: PWOK

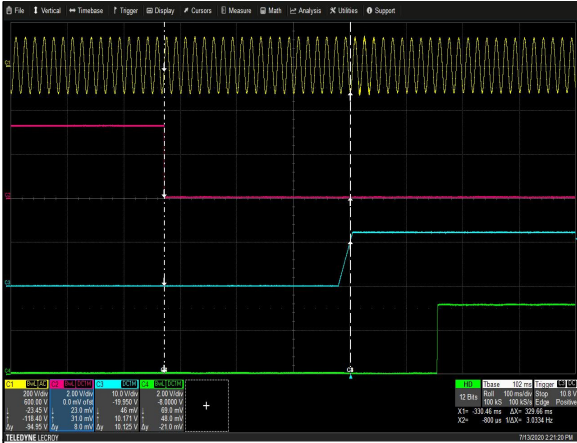


Figure 2: CSU800AP-3-600 Turn-on delay via PSON
 Vin = 90 Vac Load: I_O = 66.7 A I_{SB} = 3 A
 Ch 1: AC Mains Ch 2: PSON Ch 3: V_O Ch 4: PWOK

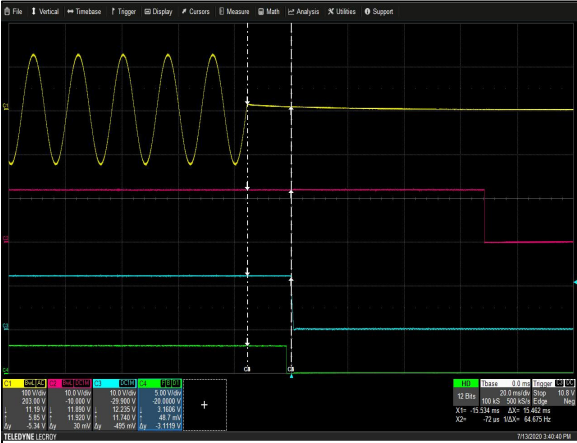


Figure 3: CSU800AP-3-600 Hold-up Time
 Vin = 90 Vac Load: I_O = 66.7 A I_{SB} = 3 A
 Ch 1: AC Mains Ch 2: V_{SB} Ch 3: V_O Ch 4: PWOK

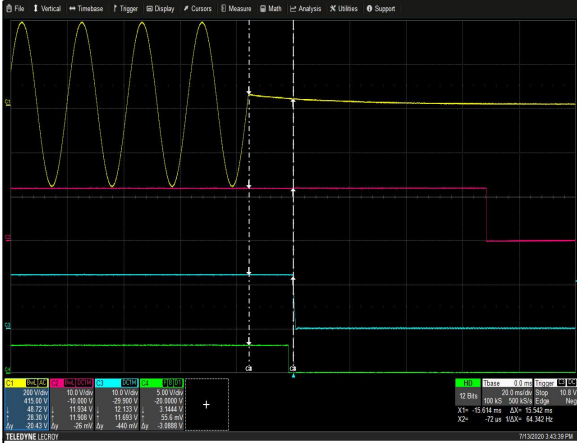


Figure 4: CSU800AP-3-600 Hold-up Time
 Vin = 264 Vac Load: I_O = 66.7 A I_{SB} = 3 A
 Ch 1: AC Mains Ch 2: PSON Ch 3: V_O Ch 4: PWOK

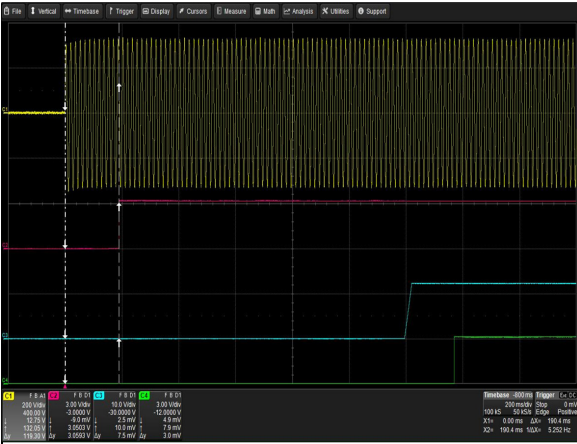


Figure 5: CSU800AP-3-600 VIN_GOOD Assert Characteristic
 Vin = 230 Vac Load: I_O = 66.7 A I_{SB} = 3 A
 Ch 1: AC Mains Ch 2: VIN_GOOD Ch 3: V_O Ch 4: PWOK

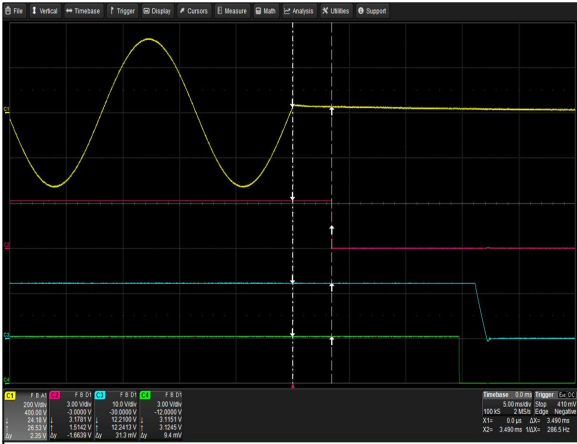


Figure 6: CSU800AP-3-600 VIN_GOOD De-assert Characteristic
 Vin = 230 Vac Load: I_O = 66.7 A I_{SB} = 3 A
 Ch 1: AC Mains Ch 2: VIN_GOOD Ch 3: V_O Ch 4: PWOK

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

CSU800AP Series Performance Curves

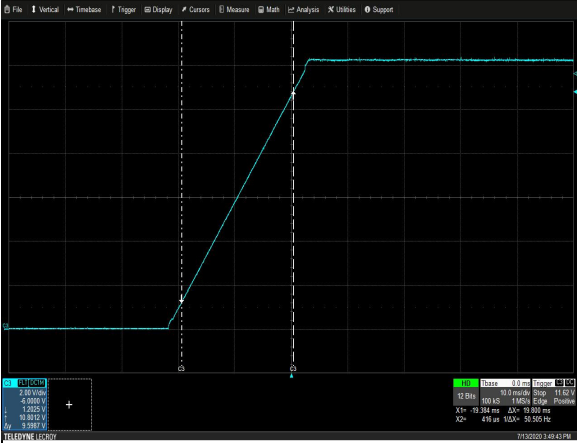


Figure 7: CSU800AP-3-600 Output Voltage Startup Characteristic
 Vin = 90 Vac Load: I_O = 66.7 A I_{SB} = 3 A
 Ch 3: V_O

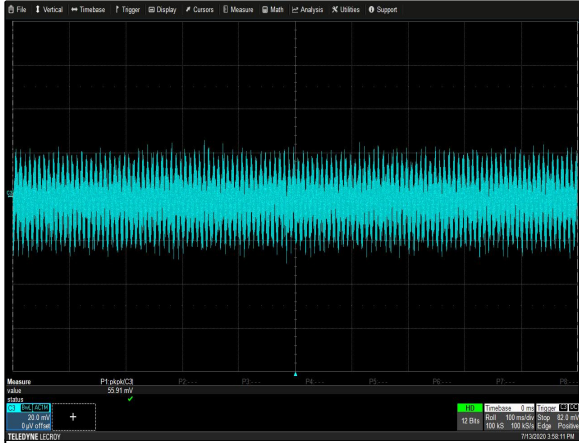


Figure 8: CSU800AP-3-600 Ripple and Noise Measurement
 Load: I_O = 66.7 A I_{SB} = 3 A
 Ch 3: V_O

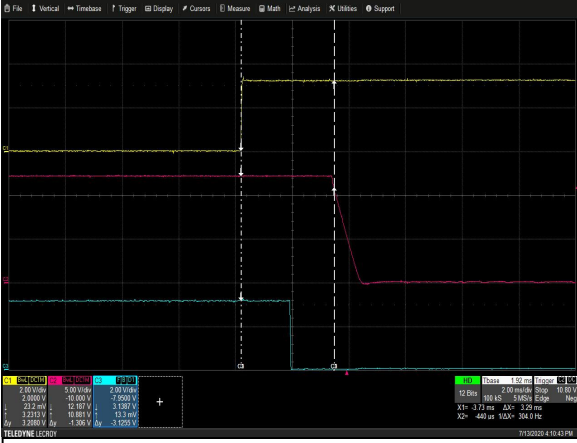


Figure 9: CSU800AP-3-600 Turn Off Characteristic via PS_ON
 Load: I_O = 66.7 A I_{SB} = 3 A
 Ch 1: PS_ON Ch 2: V_O Ch 3: PWOK



Figure 10: CSU800AP-3-600 Transient Response - V_O Deviation
 40% to 100% load change 0.5 A/uS slew rate Vin = 230 Vac
 Ch 1: V_O Ch 2: I_O

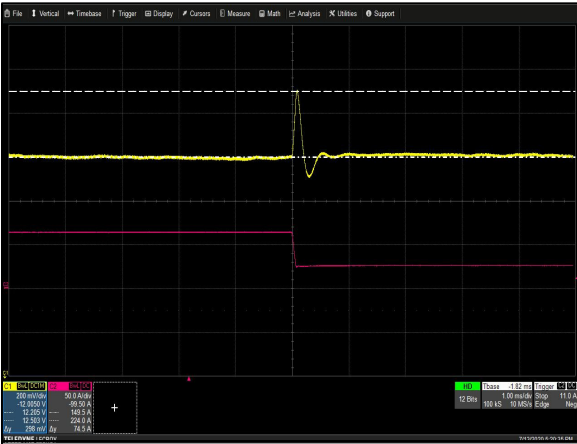


Figure 11: CSU800AP-3-600 Transient Response - V_O Deviation
 100% to 40% load change 0.5 A/uS slew rate Vin = 230 Vac
 Ch 1: V_O Ch 2: I_O

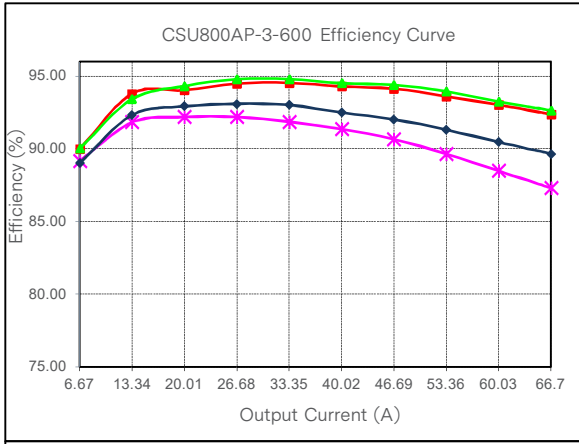


Figure 12: CSU800AP-3-600 Efficiency Curve @ 25°C
 Loading: I_{O,max} = 66.7 A, I_{SB} = 3 A (12 V)
 Loading: I_{O,min} = 10% I_{O,max} increment to 66.7 A, I_{SB} = 3 A (12 V)

Note 1 - All waveforms and data are tested on CSU800AP-3-400.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Protection Function Specifications

Input Fuse

CSU800AP series is equipped with an internal non user serviceable 12.5 A High Rupturing Capacity (HRC) 400 Vdc fuse to IEC 127 for fault protection on Line input.

Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

The power supply over voltage protection will be locally sensed. The power supply will shut down and latch off after an over voltage condition occurs. This latch will be cleared by toggling the PSON signal or by an AC power interruption. The values are measured at the output of the power supply's connector. The voltage will never exceed the maximum level when measured at the power connectors of the power supply's connector during any single point of failure. The voltage will never trip any lower than the minimum level when measured at the power connector. +12 V standby output will be auto-recovered after removing the OVP limit.

| Parameter | Min | Nom | Max | Unit |
|----------------------------|------|-----|-----|------|
| Main Output Overvoltage | 13.5 | / | 15 | V |
| Standby Output Overvoltage | 13.5 | / | 15 | V |

Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

The power supply will be protected against over temperature conditions caused by loss of fan cooling or excessive ambient temperature. In an OTP condition, the PSU will shut down. When the power supply temperature drops to within specified limits, the power supply will restore power automatically, while the +12 V standby output remains always on. The OTP circuit has built in the margin such that the power supply will not oscillate on and off due to temperature recovering condition. The OTP trip level has a minimum of 4°C of ambient temperature margin.

Over Current Protection (OCP)

The power supply has a current limit to prevent the outputs from exceeding the values shown in the table on the next page. If the current limits are exceeded, the power supply will shut down and latch off. The latch will be cleared by toggling the PSON signal or by an AC power interruption. The power supply will not be damaged from repeated power cycling in this condition. +12 V standby output will be auto-recovered after removing the OCP limit.

The over current protection for the main output is divided to three stages.

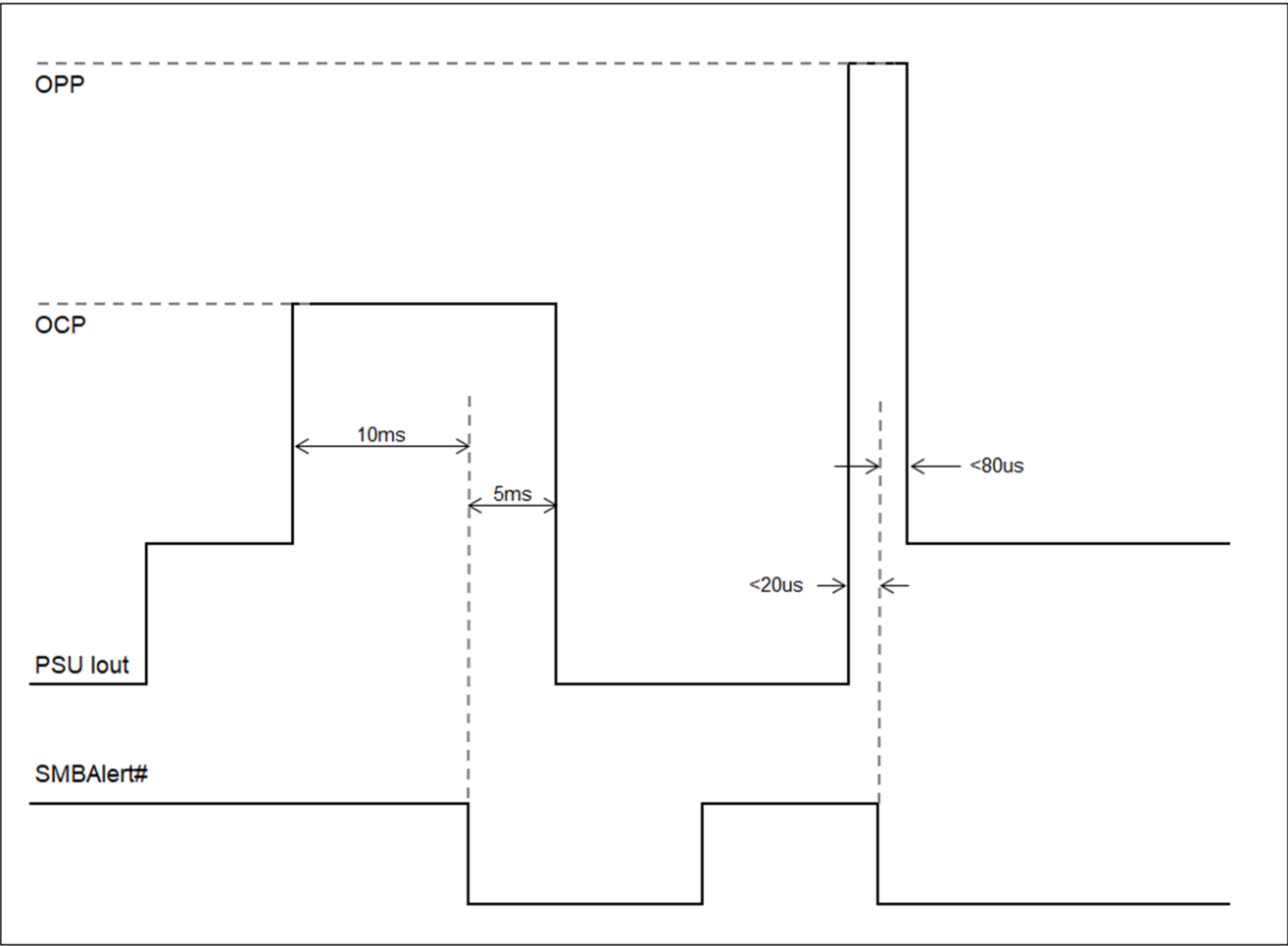
The first stage is the Over Current Warning (OCW). When the output current is within this range and lasts for longer than 20 Sec, the SMB Alert will assert within the 20 to 20.1 Sec and the power supply will shut down after the assertion of SMB Alert for longer than 1 Sec.

The second stage is the Over Current Protection (OCP). When the output current is within this range, the SMB Alert will assert within the 10 mSec and the power supply will shut down after the assertion of SMB Alert for longer than 5 mSec.

The third stage is the Over Power Protection (OPP). When the output current is within this range, the SMB Alert will assert in 100 μSec and the power supply will shut down after the assertion of SMB Alert for longer than 80 μSec.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

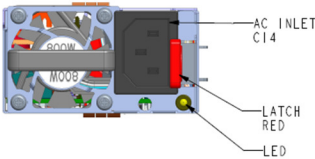
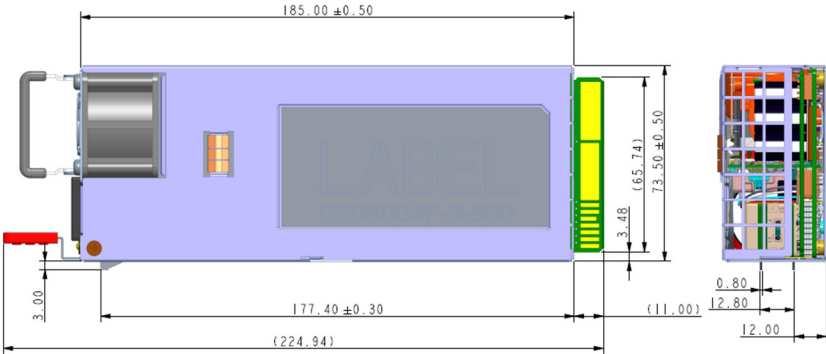
| Parameter | Thresholds | | | Timing | | Protection Mode |
|---|------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|---------------------|
| | Min | Nom | Max | Min | Max | |
| V _O Output Overcurrent Warning | 67 A | 73.5 A | 80 A | - | 20 S | SMB Alert Assertion |
| V _O Output Overcurrent Protection | 80 A | 90 A | 100 A | - | 10 mS | Shut Down and Latch |
| V _O Output Overpower Protection | 100 A | 110 A | 120 A | - | 100 uS | Shut Down and Latch |
| V _{SB} Output Overcurrent Protection | 4 A | - | 5 A | - | - | Auto-recover |



MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Mechanical Outlines (unit: mm)

The physical size of the power supply enclosure is 39/40 mm x 73.5 mm x 185 mm.
 The power supply contains a single 40 mm fan with normal airflow direction or reversed airflow direction.
 The power supply has an identical card edge output that interfaces with a 2x25 card edge connector in the system.
 The AC plugs directly into the external face of the power supply.
 Refer to the following figure. All dimensions are nominal.



MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

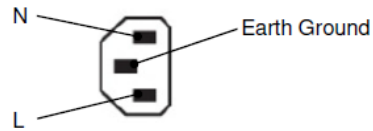
Connector Definitions

AC Input Connector

Pin 1 – L

Pin 2 – N

Pin 3 – Earth Ground



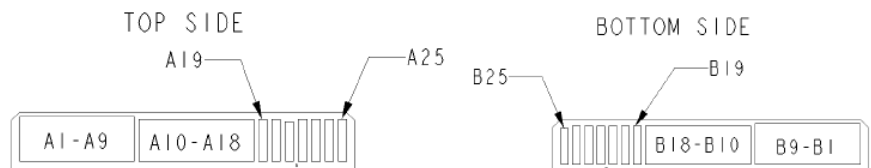
Output Connector - Power Blades

A1-A9 – Main Output Return

A10-A18 – Main Output (V_O)

B1-B9 – Main Output Return

B10-B18 – Main Output (V_O)



View from power supply output connector end

Output Connector - Control Signals

A19 – SDA

A20 – SCL

A21 – PSON

A22 – SMB Alert

A23 – -VSENSE

A24 – +VSENSE

A25 – PWOK

B19 – A0 (SMBus Address)

B20 – A1 (SMBus Address)

B21 – 12VSB

B22 – CR_BUS

B23 – 12V Load Share

B24 – Present

B25 – VIN_GOOD

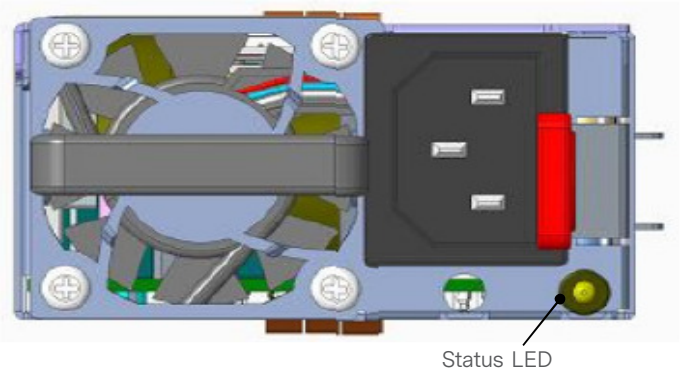
MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power / Signal Mating Connectors and Pin Types

| Table 5. Mating Connectors for CSU800AP Series | | |
|--|-----------------|---|
| Reference | On Power Supply | Mating Connector or Equivalent |
| AC Input Connector | IEC320-C14 | IEC320-C13 |
| Output Connector | Card-edge | Right Angle FCI Amphenol GPCEF4361411HHR FCI Amphenol 10035388 Vertical FCI Amphenol HPG36P14SVP011T P2P FCI Amphenol 10147875-111LF |

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

LED Indicator Definitions



One bi-color (green/amber) LED at the power supply front provides the status signal. The status LED conditions are shown on the following table.

| Conditions | LED Status |
|--|-----------------|
| Normal work. | Green |
| No AC power to all power supplies. | Off |
| PSU standby state AC present / Only 12 V _{SB} on or PSU in a cold standby state or always standby state. | 1Hz Blink Green |
| AC cord unplugged with a second power supply in parallel still with AC input power. | Amber |
| Power supply critical event causing a shutdown. (Failure, over current, short circuit, over voltage, fan failure, over temperature) | Amber |
| Power supply warning events where the power supply continues to operate. (High temp, high power, high current, slow fan) | 1Hz Blink Amber |
| Power supply firmware updating. | 2Hz Blink Green |

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Weight

The CSU800AP series weight is 864.5 g/1.91 lbs.

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

EMC Immunity

CSU800AP series power supply is designed to meet the following EMC immunity specifications.

| Table 6. Environmental Specifications | |
|--|---|
| Document | Description |
| Class A of CISPR22 (EN55032) and FCC Part 15 | Conducted and Radiated EMI Limits |
| IEC/EN61000-3-2 Class A | Harmonics |
| IEC/EN61000-3-3 | Voltage Fluctuations |
| IEC/EN61000-4-2 | Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) - Testing and measurement techniques - Electrostatic discharge immunity test: +/-15 KV air, +/-8 KV contact discharge. Performance - Criteria A |
| IEC/EN61000-4-3 | Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) - Testing and measurement techniques - Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test. Performance - Criteria A |
| IEC/EN61000-4-4 | Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) - Testing and measurement techniques - Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test: +/-2 KV for AC power port. Performance - Criteria A |
| IEC/EN61000-4-5 | Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) - Testing and measurement techniques - Surge test: +/-2 KV common mode and +/-1 KV differential mode for AC ports. Performance - Criteria A |
| IEC/EN61000-4-11 | Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) - Testing and measurement techniques - Voltage dips and interruptions: Criteria B: >95% reduction for 10 mS; Criteria C: 30% reduction for 500 mS, or >95% reduction for 500 mS. Performance - Criteria C |
| EN55024: 2010 | Information technology equipment-immunity characteristics, limits and method of measurements |

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Safety Certifications

The CSU800AP series power supply is intended for inclusion in other equipment and the installer must ensure that it is in compliance with all the requirements of the end application. This product is only for inclusion by professional installers within other equipment and must not be operated as a stand-alone product.

| Table 7. Safety Certifications for CSU800AP Series Power Supply System | | |
|--|-----------|---|
| Standard | Agency | Description |
| UL 60950-1, 2nd Edition, 2014-10-14; CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-07, 2nd Edition, 2014-10 | UL + CUL | US and Canada Requirements |
| EN 62368-1:2014+A11:2017 | CE | European Requirements |
| EN 62368-1:2014/A11:2017 IEC 62368-1:2014 | CB Scheme | International Electrotechnical Commission |
| CHINA CCC Approval | | China Requirements |
| IS 13252 (PART 1):2010 / IEC 60950-1:2005 | BIS | India Requirements |

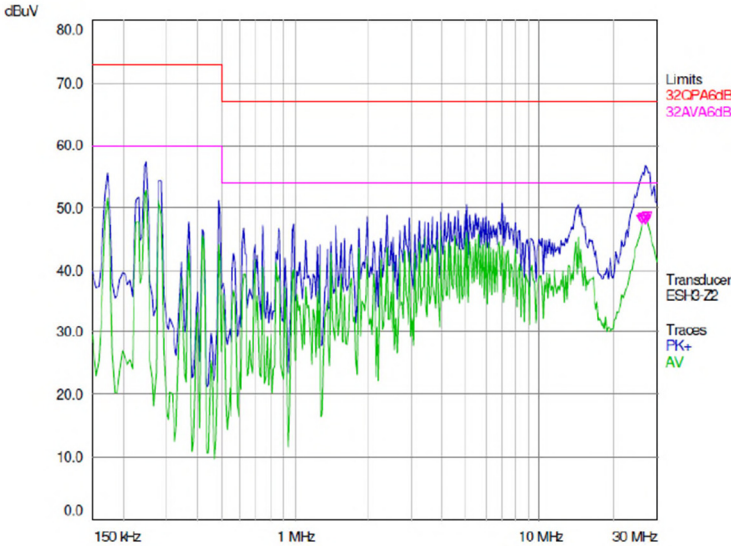
ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

EMI Emissions

The CSU800AP series has been designed to comply with the Class A limits of EMI requirements of FCC Part 15 and CISPR 32 (EN 55032) for emissions and relevant sections of EN 55032:2011 for immunity. The unit is enclosed inside a metal box, tested at 800 W using resistive load with the cooling fan.

Conducted Emissions

The applicable standard for conducted emissions is EN 55032 (FCC Part 15). Conducted noise can appear as both differential mode and common mode noise currents. Differential mode noise is measured between the two input lines, with the major components occurring at the supply fundamental switching frequency and its harmonics. Common mode noise, a contributor to both radiated emissions and input conducted emissions, is measured between the input lines and system ground and can be broadband in nature.



The CSU800AP series power supply has internal EMI filters to ensure the converters’ conducted EMI levels comply with EN 55032 (FCC Part 15) Class A limits. The EMI measurements are performed with resistive loads at maximum rated loading.

Sample of EN 55032 Conducted EMI Measurement at 110 Vac Input

Note: Red Line refers to Artesyn Quasi Peak margin, which is 6 dB below the CISPR international limit. Pink Line refers to the Artesyn Average margin, which is 6 dB below the CISPR international limit.

Conducted EMI emissions specifications of the CSU800AP series:

| Parameter | Model | Symbol | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| FCC Part 15, class A | All | Margin | 6 | - | - | dB |
| CISPR 32 (EN55032), class A | All | Margin | 6 | - | - | dB |

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Radiated Emissions

Unlike conducted EMI, radiated EMI performance in a system environment may differ drastically from that in a stand-alone power supply. The shielding effect provided by the system enclosure may bring the EMI level from Class A to Class B. It is thus recommended that radiated EMI be evaluated in a system environment. The applicable standard is EN 55032 Class A (FCC Part 15). Testing AC-DC converters as a stand-alone component to the exact requirements of EN 55032 can be difficult because the standard calls for 1m lead to be attached to the input and outputs and aligned such as to maximize the disturbance. In such a set-up, it is possible to form a perfect dipole antenna that very few AC-DC converters could pass. However, the standard also states that an attempt will be made to maximize the disturbance consistent with the typical application by varying the configuration of the test sample.

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Operating Temperature

The CSU800AP series power supply will start and operate within stated specifications at an ambient temperature from 0°C to 55°C. The maximum operating temperature (55°C) is to be de-rated by 1°C per 300 m above 2000 m.

Forced Air Cooling

The CSU800AP series power supply includes internal cooling fans as part of the power supply assembly to provide forced air-cooling to maintain and control the temperature of devices and ambient temperature in the power supply to appropriate levels. The standard direction of airflow is from the DC connector end to the AC connector end of the power supply.

Below is the typical fan speed at various load conditions.

| Loading | 1A | 10% | 20% | 30% | 40% | 50% | 60% | 70% | 80% | 90% | 100% |
|-------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Speed (RPM) | 2176 | 2176 | 2176 | 2176 | 2176 | 2176 | 5856 | 10494 | 14752 | 19008 | 21760 |

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Storage and Shipping Temperature

The CSU800AP series power supply can be stored or shipped at temperatures between -40°C to +70°C and relative humidity up to 95% non-condensing.

Altitude

The CSU800AP series power supply will operate within specifications at altitudes up to 5,000 meters above sea level. The power supply will not be damaged when stored at altitudes of up to 15,200 meters above sea level.

Humidity

The CSU800AP series power supply will operate within specifications when subjected to a relative humidity up to 90% non-condensing. The CSU800AP series power supply can be stored in a relative humidity from up to 95% non-condensing.

Vibration

The CSU800AP series power supply will pass the following vibration specifications:

Non-Operating Random Vibration

| | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Acceleration | 3.13 | gRMS | |
| Frequency Range | 5 to 500 | Hz | |
| Duration | 10 | Mins | |
| Direction | 3 mutually perpendicular axis | | |
| PSD Profile | FREQ (Hz) | SLOPE (db/oct) | PSD (g ² /Hz) |
| | 5 | / | 0.000025 |
| | 10 to 50 | / | 0.0004 |
| | 100 | / | 0.000025 |

Operating Random Vibration

| | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Acceleration | 3.13 | gRMS | |
| Frequency Range | 5 to 500 | Hz | |
| Duration | 10 | Mins | |
| Direction | 3 mutually perpendicular axis | | |
| PSD Profile | FREQ (Hz) | SLOPE (db/oct) | PSD (g ² /Hz) |
| | 5 | / | 0.01 |
| | 20 to 500 | / | 0.02 |

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Shock

The CSU800AP series power supply will pass the following vibration specifications:

Non-Operating Half-Sine Shock

| | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|------|
| Acceleration | 30 | G |
| Duration | 11 | mSec |
| Pulse | Half-Sine | |
| Number of Shock | 3 shocks in each of 6 directions | |

Operating Half-Sine Shock

| | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|------|
| Acceleration | 4 | G |
| Duration | 22 | mSec |
| Pulse | Half-Sine | |
| Number of Shock | 3 shocks in each of 6 directions | |

POWER AND CONTROL SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

AC Input Connector

This connector supplies the AC mains to the CSU800AP series power supply.

- Pin 1 – L
- Pin 2 – N
- Pin 3 – Earth Ground

Output Connector – Power Blades

These pins provide the main output for the CSU800AP series power supply. The + Main Output (V_O) and the Main Output Return pins are the positive and negative rails, respectively, of the V_O main output of the CSU800AP series power supply. The Main Output (V_O) is electrically isolated from the power supply chassis.

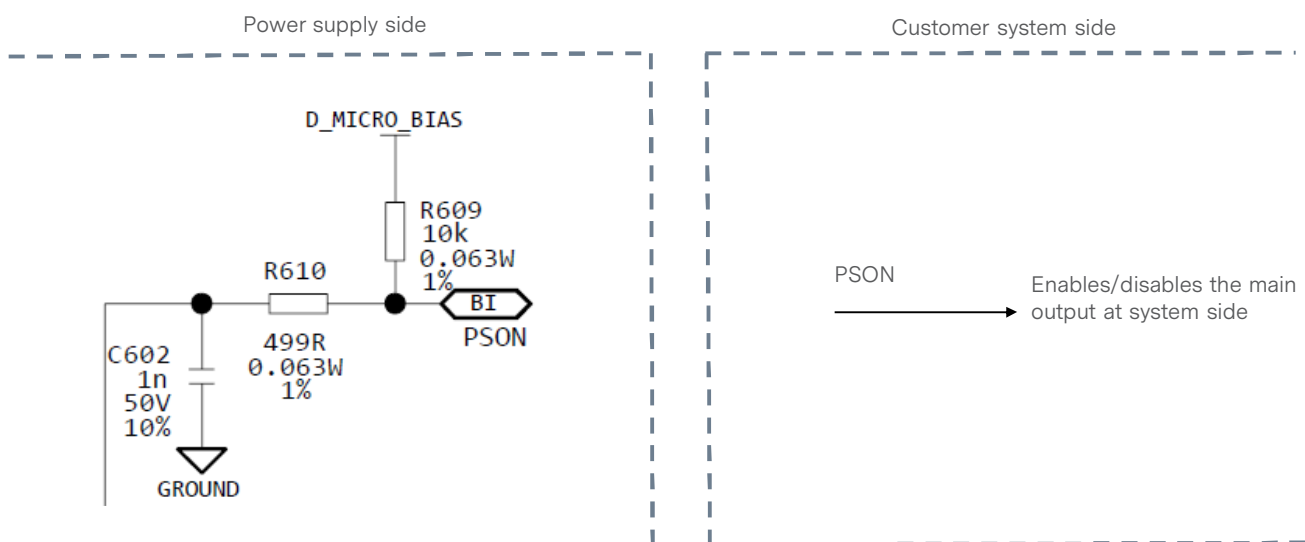
- A1-A9 – Main Output Return
- A10-A18 – Main Output (V_O)
- B1-B9 – Main Output Return
- B10-B18 – Main Output (V_O)

Output Connector – Control Signals

The CSU800AP series contains a 14 pins control signal header providing an analogue control interface, standby power and I²C interface signal connections.

PSON - (Pin A21)

This signal input pin controls the normal turn on and off of the main output of the CSU800AP series power supply. The power supply main output (V_O) will be enabled when this signal is pulled low below 1.0V. The power supply output (except V_{SB} output) will be disabled when this input is driven higher than 2.0V, or left open-circuited. The source current is 4mA maximum when V_{PSON} is low.



POWER AND CONTROL SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

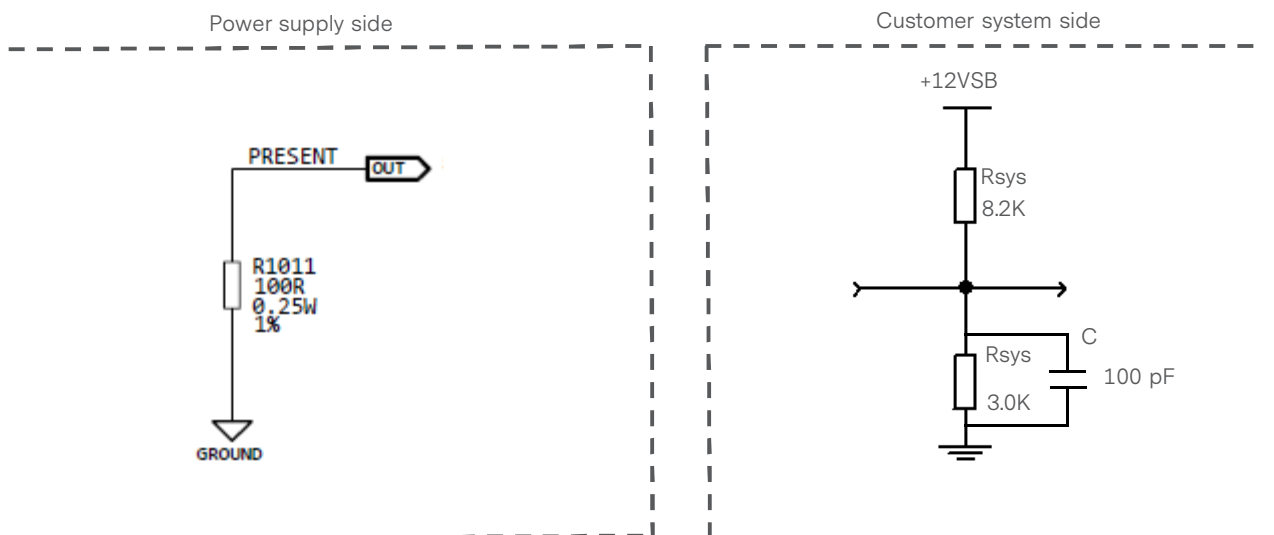
12V Load Share - (Pin B23)

12V load share is a single wire bus signal used to help equalize the output current from two or more power supplies connected to a common load. 12V load share must be taken that with two or more power supplies sharing current, the percentage is the combined current for all power supplies, not one. The voltage on the 12V load share line represents the percentage of the rated output current each supply is providing. 0 V is equivalent to 0% load, 4 V is equivalent to 50% load, and 8 V is equivalent to 100% load. 12V load share transients during hot insertion or removal will not cause the supply output to go out of regulation.

Present - (Pin B24)

This signal is used to indicate to the system that a power supply is inserted in the power bay. This pin is internally pulled down to the standby return in the power supply with a 100 ohms resistor. The recommended pull-up resistor to 12 V_{SB} is 8.2 kohms with a 3.0 kohms pull down to ground. A 100 pF decoupling capacitor is also recommended.

- Low - PS is present
- High - PS is removed from system



VIN_GOOD - (Pin B25)

VIN_GOOD is a fast-acting signal that indicates the state of the input voltage. During an initial start-up, and at any line condition, VIN_GOOD will go high above 2.4 V whenever the input voltage is within the operating range. The VIN_GOOD signal will also assert within 8 mS of an input recovery right after a missing cycle.

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

I²C Bus Signals

CSU800AP series power supply contains enhanced monitor and control functions implemented via the I²C bus. The CSU800AP series I²C functionality (PMBus™ and FRU data) can be accessed via the output connector control signals. The communication bus is powered either by the internal 3.3 V supply or from an external power source connected to the standby output (i.e. accessing an unpowered power supply as long as the standby output of another power supply connected in parallel is on).

If units are connected in parallel or in redundant mode, the standby outputs must be connected together in the system. Otherwise, the I²C bus will not work properly when a unit is inserted into the system without the DC source connected.

Note: PMBus™ functionality can be accessed only when the PSU is powered-up. Guaranteed communication I²C speed is 100 KHz.

A0, A1 (I²C Address Signals) - (Pins B19, B20)

These input pins are the address lines A0 and A1 to indicate the slot position the power supply occupies in the power bay and define the power supply addresses for FRU data and PMBus™ data communication. This allows the system to assign different addresses for each power supply. During I²C communication between the system and power supplies, the system will be the master and the power supplies will be the slave.

They are internally pulled up to internal 3.3 V supply with a 10 Kohm resistor.

SDA, SCL (I²C Data and Clock Signals) - (Pins A19, A20)

I²C serial data and clock bus - these pins are internally pulled up to internal 3.3 V supply with a 10 Kohm resistor. These pins must be pulled-up by a 2K-10K ohm resistor to 3.3 V or 5 V at the system side.

I²C Bus Communication Interval

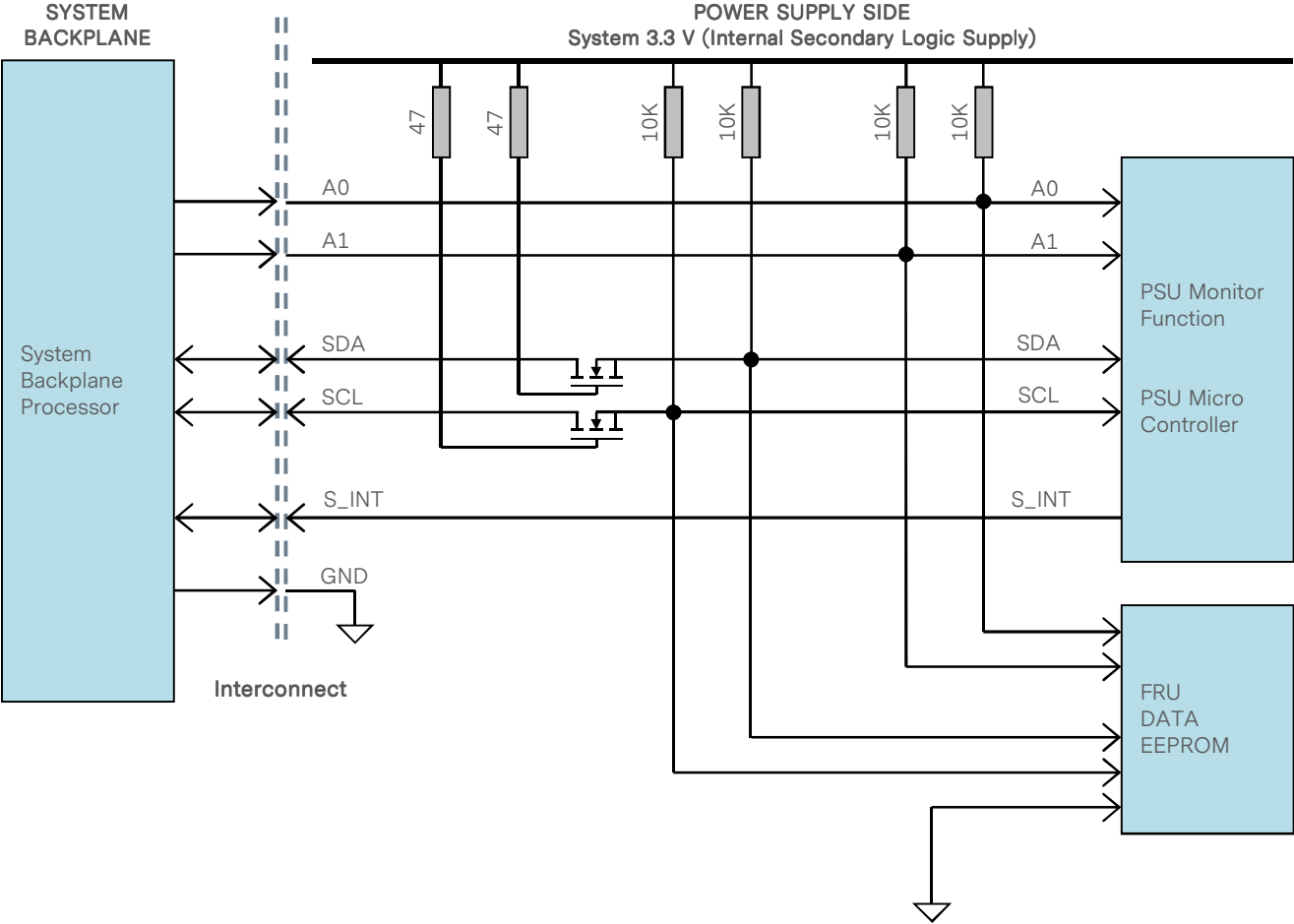
The interval between two consecutive I²C communications to the power supply must be at least 15 mS to ensure proper monitoring functionality.

I²C Bus Signal Integrity

The noise on the I²C bus (SDA, SCL lines) due to the power supply will be less than 300 mV peak-to-peak. This noise measurement should be made with an oscilloscope bandwidth limited to 100 MHz. Measurements must be made at the power supply output connector with 10 Kohm resistors pulled up to standby output and 47 pF ceramic capacitors to standby output return.

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

I²C Bus Internal Implementation, Pull-ups and Bus Capacitances



I²C Bus - Recommended external pull-ups

Electrical and interface specifications of I²C signals (referenced to standby output return pin, unless otherwise indicated):

| Parameter | Condition | Symbol | Min | Type | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----|------|-----|------|
| SDA, SCL Internal Pull-up Resistor | | R_{int} | - | 10 | - | Kohm |
| SDA, SCL Internal Bus Capacitance | | C_{int} | - | 10 | - | pF |
| Recommended External Pull-up Resistor | 1 to 4 PSU | R_{ext} | - | 2.2 | - | Kohm |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

Logic Levels

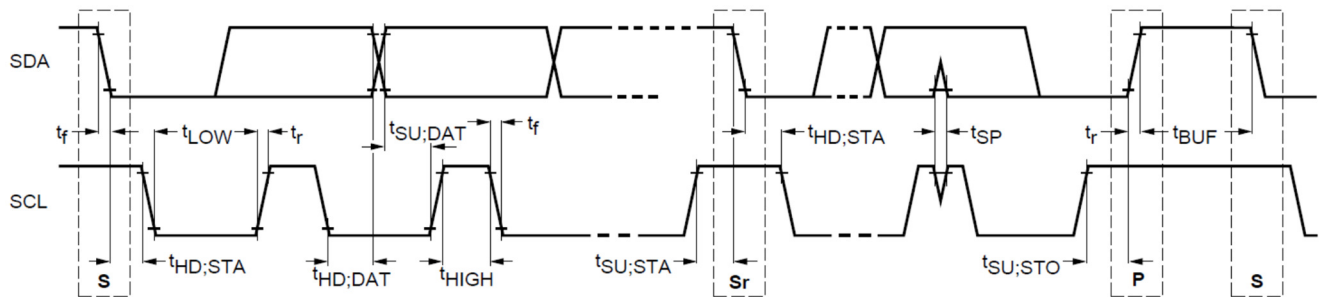
CSU800AP series power supply I²C communication bus will respond to logic levels as per below:

Logic High: 3.3 V nominal (Spec is 2.1 V to 5.5 V)**

Logic Low: 500 mV nominal (Spec is 800 mV max)**

**Note: Artesyn 73-769-001 I²C adapter was used.

Timings



| Parameter | Symbol | Standard-Mode Specs | | Actual Measured | | Unit |
|--|--------------|---------------------|------|-----------------|-------------|------|
| | | Min | Max | | | |
| SCL clock frequency | f_{SCL} | 0 | 100 | 90.9 | | KHz |
| Hold time (repeated) START condition | $t_{HD;STA}$ | 4.0 | - | 4.74 | | uS |
| LOW period of SCL clock | t_{LOW} | 4.7 | - | 4.86 | | uS |
| HIGH period of SCL clock | t_{HIGH} | 4.0 | - | 4.84 | | uS |
| Setup time for repeated START condition | $t_{SU;STA}$ | 4.7 | - | 4.884 | | uS |
| Data hold time | $t_{HD;DAT}$ | 0 | 3.65 | 0.2416 | | uS |
| Data setup time | $t_{SU;DAT}$ | 250 | - | 4887 | | nS |
| Rise time | t_r | - | 1000 | SCL = 669.6 | SDA = 710.4 | nS |
| Fall time | t_f | - | 300 | SCL = 156.8 | SDA = 146 | nS |
| Setup time for STOP condition | $t_{SU;STO}$ | 4.0 | - | 5.02 | | uS |
| Bus free time between a STOP and START condition | t_{BUF} | 4.7 | - | 95*** | | uS |

***Note: Artesyn 73-769-001 I²C adapter (USB-to-I2C) and Universal PMBus™ GUI software was used.

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

Device Addressing

The CSU800AP series power supply will respond to supported commands on the I²C bus that are addressed according to A1 and A0 pins of output connector.

Address pins are held HIGH by default via pulled up to internal 3.3 V supply with a 10 Kohm resistor. To set the address as “0”, the corresponding address line needs be pulled down to logic ground level. Below tables show the address of the power supply with A0 and A1 pins set to either “0” or “1”.

| PSU Slot | Slot ID Bits | | PMBus™ Address | EEPROM (FRU) |
|----------|--------------|----|----------------|--------------|
| | A1 | A0 | | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0xB0/B1 | 0xA0/A1 |
| 2 | 0 | 1 | 0xB2/B3 | 0xA2/A3 |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 0xB4/B5 | 0xA4/A5 |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 0xB6/B7* | 0xA6/A7* |

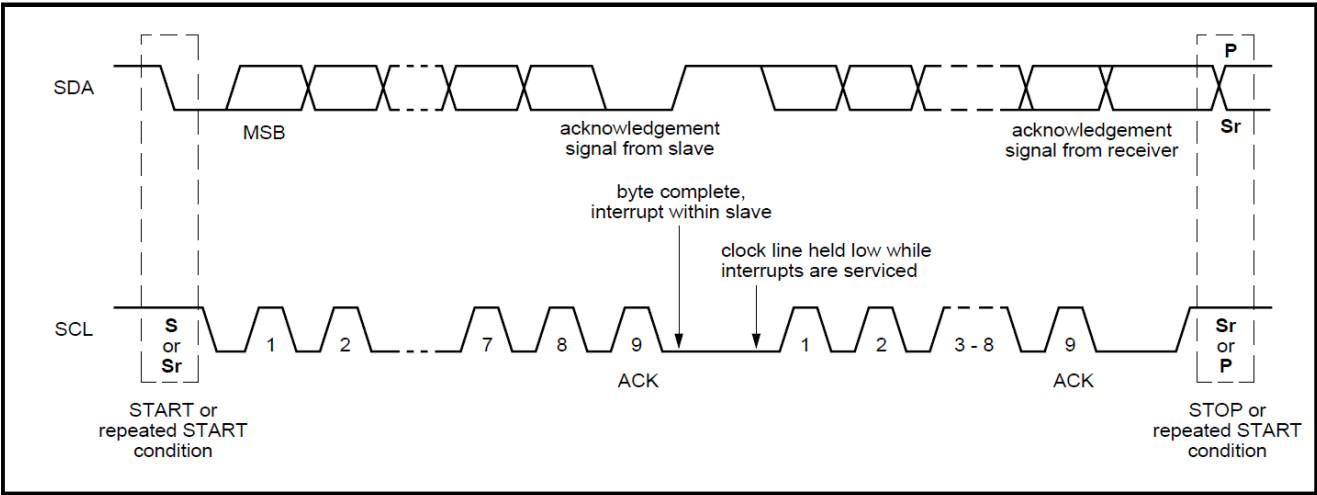
*Note: Default PMBus™ address when A0 and A1 are left open.

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

I²C Clock Synchronization

The CSU800AP series power supply applies clock stretching. An addressed slave power supply holds the clock line (SCL) low after receiving (or sending) a byte, indicating that it is not yet ready to process more data. The system master that is communicating with the power supply will attempt to raise the clock to transfer the next bit but must verify that the clock line was actually raised. If the power supply is clock stretching, the clock line will still be low (because the connections are open-drain).

The maximum time-out condition for clock stretching for CSU800AP series is 35 milliseconds.



COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

Cold Redundancy

The CSU800AP series power supply supports capabilities for cold redundancy. This capability helps improve the efficiency and iTHD of the power subsystem when more than one power supply is used in a system. Cold redundancy uses the PMBus™ manufacturer specific command area to define commands for the system to configure the power supplies for cold redundancy.

Overview

A system in 1+1, 2+1, 3+1 or 2+2 redundant mode configuration may not be operated at the optimum efficiency especially when the load is <50% of each power supply's capacity. The cold redundancy mode addresses this condition, where certain power supplies in a system can go into "cold standby" mode, thereby consuming the least amount of power and still be redundant.

Each power supply in this system will have a preprogrammed threshold for output current by which that power supply may determine whether to be actively providing power to the system, or be in cold standby state. A CR_BUS signal that connects all power supplies in the system, also indicates whether it is safe for power supplies in cold redundant mode to enter into cold standby state. The CR_BUS signal prevents power supplies from going into cold standby mode whenever there isn't any active power supply.

The following table shows the state of the power supplies programmed for cold standby mode based on the condition of the CR_BUS signal and the load share bus voltage.

Logic Matrix for Cold Standby Power Supplies:

| CR_BUS | Load Share | Cold Standby Power Supply State (s) |
|--------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| High | < VCR_ON | Cold Standby |
| Low | < VCR_ON | Active |
| High | > VCR_ON | Active |
| Low | > VCR_ON | Active |

Note: VCR_ON is the voltage threshold set inside the power supplies configured for cold standby which tells them to power down into cold standby state when the load share voltage is less than VCR_ON.

When CR_BUS is asserted (or goes low), all power supplies in the system should go active and immediately provide power to the system.

SMBus Commands for Cold Redundancy

Configuring Cold Redundancy with Cold_Redundancy_Config (D0h)

The PMBus™ manufacturer specific command MFR_SPECIFIC_00 is used to configure the operating state of the power supply related to cold redundancy. This command for Cold_Redundancy_Config is D0h. The table below shows the configuration of the power supply based on the value in the Cold_Redundancy_Config register. PEC is used for read/write of this register.

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

Cold Redundancy Configuration Table

| Cold_Redundancy_Config (D0h) | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| Value | State | Description |
| 00h | Standard Redundancy (Default Power on State) | Turns the power supply into standard redundant load sharing mode. The power supply's CR_BUS signal shall be OPEN but still pull the bus low if a fault occurs. |
| 01h | Cold Redundant Active | Defines this power supply to be the one that is always ON in a cold redundancy configuration. |
| 02h | Cold Standby 1 | Defines the power supply that is the first to turn on in a cold redundant configuration as the load increases. This power supply usually has the lowest current threshold. |
| 03h | Cold Standby 2 | Defines the power supply that is the second to turn on in a cold redundant configuration as the load increases. |
| 04h | Cold Standby 3 | Defines the power supply that is the third to turn on in a cold redundant configuration as the load increases. |
| 05h | Always Cold Standby | Defines this power supply to be always in cold redundant configuration no matter what the load condition. |
| 06h-FFh | Reserved | |

When the CR_BUS transitions from a high to a low state; each PSU programmed to be in cold standby state shall be put into standard redundancy mode (Cold_Redundancy_Config = 00h). For the power supplies to enter cold redundancy mode the system must re-program the power supplies using the Cold_Redundancy_Config command.

Cold Redundant Signal (CR_BUS)

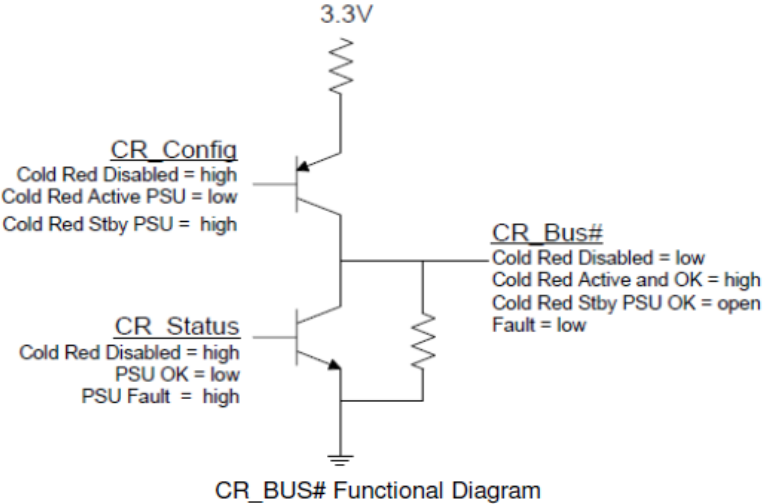
There is an additional signal defined supporting cold redundancy. This is connected to a bus shared between the power supplies' CR_BUS. This is a tri-state output signal of the power supply used to communicate a fault or Vout under-voltage level has occurred in one of the power supplies. This is used to power on all the power supplies in the system via the CR_BUS. When the signal is pulled high, it allows all power supplies in cold standby mode to go into cold standby state when the load share voltage is below the V_{CR_ON} level. When the signal is left open on all power supplies, it forces all cold standby power supplies into the ON. Below is a table showing the logic state of the CR_BUS signal depending upon the programmed configuration of the power supply in D0h, the operating state of the power supply, and the power supply fault status.

Cold Redundancy State Table

| Cold Redundant Config | Operating State | Power Supply Fault Status | CR_Bus# |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------|
| Active | On | OK | High |
| Cold Standby 1,2,3 | On | OK | Open |
| Cold Standby 1,2,3 | Cold Standby | OK | Open |
| Active | Off | Fault | Low |
| Cold Standby 1,2,3 | On | Fault | Low |
| Cold Standby 1,2,3 | Cold Standby | Fault | Low |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

The CR_Status input is based on both the Cold_Redundancy_Config register as well as the fault state of the power supply. The resulting output is a tri-state output. The output is low when there is a fault in any power supply or when cold redundancy is disabled. The output is high only when a power supply is programmed for the cold redundancy active mode and it is functioning OK. The output is open only when the power supply is programmed for cold redundant standby mode and is functioning OK. This means that there needs to be one good power supply programmed for active cold redundant mode to allow power supply to function in cold standby mode; otherwise, all power supplies will power ON and come out of cold redundant mode.



CR_BUS Signal Characteristic

| Signal Type | Active: Tri-State Output Cold Standby: Input Signal | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------|
| | Min | Max |
| Logic Level Low (Power Supply ON) | 0 V | 0.4 V |
| Logic Level High (Power Supply OFF) | 2.4 V | 3.46 V |
| Source Current, Cold Amber = High | 2 mA | - |
| Sink Current, Cold Amber = Low | 400 μA | - |
| Cold Amber Fault Delay | - | 10 μS |
| Cold Amber Turn On Delay | - | 100 μS |

BMC Requirements

The BMC uses the Cold_Redundancy_Config command to configure the power supply’s roll in cold redundancy and to enabled/disable cold redundancy. It is recommended that the BMC schedules a rolling change for which PSU is the Active, Cold Stby 1, Cold Stby 2, and Cold Stby 3 power supply. This allows for equal loading across power supply over their life.

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

Black Box

The power supply can store PMBus and other data into non-volatile memory upon a critical failure that caused the power supply to shut down. The data can be accessed via the PMBus interface by applying power to the 12V_{SB} pins. No AC power needs to be applied to the power supply.

Data is saved to the black box for the following fault events:

- General fault
- Over voltage on output
- Over current on output
- Loss of AC input
- Input voltage fault
- Fan failure
- Over temperature

Black Box Process:

- 1) System writes system tracking data to the power supply RAM at power ON.
- 2) System writes the real time clock data to the PSU RAM once every ~5 minutes.
- 3) Power supply tracks the number of PSON and AC power cycles in FLASH.
- 4) Power supply tracks ON time in FLASH.
- 5) Power supply loads warning and fault event counter data from FLASH into RAM.
- 6) Upon a warning event, the PSU will increment the associated counter in RAM.
- 7) Upon and fault event, the PSU will increment the associated counter in RAM.
- 8) Upon a fault event that causes the PSU to shut down, all event data in the PSU's RAM is saved to event data location N in the power supply's FLASH. This data includes the real time clock, the number of AC & PSON power cycles, PSU ON time, warning event counters and fault event counters.

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

Commands:

Name: MFR_BLACKBOX

Format: Read Block with PEC (238 bytes)

Code: DCh

| | Item | Number of Bytes | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|---|
| System tracking data | System top assembly number | 10 | The system will write its Intel part number for the system top assembly to the power supply when it is powered ON. This is 9 ASCII characters. |
| | System serial number | 10 | The system will write the system serial number to the power supply when it is powered ON. This includes the serial number and date code. |
| | Motherboard assembly number | 10 | The system will write the motherboard Intel part number for the assembly to the power supply when it is powered ON. This is 9 ASCII characters. |
| | Motherboard serial number | 10 | The system will write the motherboard's serial number to the power supply when it is powered ON. This includes the serial number and date code. |
| | Present total PSU ON time | 3 | Total on time of the power supply with PSON asserted in minutes. LSB = 1 minute. |
| | Present number of AC power cycles | 2 | Total number of times the power supply powered OFF then back ON due to loss of AC power. This is only counted when the power supply's PSON signal is asserted. This counter will stay at FFFFh once the max is reached. |
| | Present number of PSON power cycles | 2 | Total number of times the power supply is powered OFF then back ON due to the PSON signal de-asserting. This is only counted when AC power is present to the power supply. This counter will stay at FFFFh once the max is reached. |
| Power supply event data (N) | | 38 | Most recent occurrence of saved black box data. |
| Time stamp | | | The power supply will track these time and power cycle counters in RAM. When the a black box event occurs the data is saved into the black box. |
| | Power supply total power on time | 3 | Total on time of the power supply in minutes. LSB = 1 minute. |
| | Real time clock data from system (Reserved for future use) | 4 | This time stamp does not need to be generated by the power supply. The system rights a real time clock value periodically to the power supply using the MFR_REAL_TIME command. Format is based on IPMI 2.0. Time is an unsigned 32-bit value representing the local time as the number of seconds from 00:00:00, January 1, 1970. This format is sufficient to maintain time stamping with 1 second resolution past the year 2100. This is based on a long standing UNIX-based standard for time keeping, which represents time as the number of seconds from 00:00:00, January 1, 1970 GMT. Similar time formats are used in ANSI C. |
| | Number of AC power cycles | 2 | Number of times the power supply powered OFF then back ON due to loss of AC power at the time of the event. This is only counted when the power supply's PSON signal is asserted. |
| | Number of PSON power cycles | 2 | Number of times the power supply is powered OFF then back ON due to the PSON signal de-asserting at the time of the event. This is only counted when AC power is present to the power supply. |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

| | Item | Number of Bytes | Description |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|
| PMBus | | | The power supply will save these PMBus values into the black box when a black box event occurs. Fast events may be missed due to the filtering effects of the PMBus sensors. |
| | STATUS_WORD | 2 | |
| | STATUS_IOUT | 1 | |
| | STATUS_INPUT | 1 | |
| | STATUS_TEMPERTATURE | 1 | |
| | STATUS_FAN_1_2 | 1 | |
| | READ_VIN | 2 | |
| | READ_IIN | 2 | |
| | READ_IOUT | 2 | |
| | READ_TEMPERATURE_1 | 2 | |
| | READ_TEMPERATURE_2 | 2 | |
| | READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | 2 | |
| | READ_PIN | 2 | |
| | READ_VOUT | 2 | |
| Event counters | | | The power supply will track the total number for each of the following events. These value will be saved to the black box when a black box event occurs. Once a value has reached 15, it will stay at 15 and not reset. |
| | AC shutdown due to under voltage on input | Lower ½ | The power supply will save a count of these critical events to non-volatile memory each time they occur. The counters will increment each time the associated STATUS bit is asserted. |
| | Thermal shutdown | Upper ½ | |
| | Over current or over power shutdown on output | Lower ½ | |
| | General failure shutdown | Upper ½ | |
| | Fan failure shutdown | Lower ½ | |
| | Shutdown due to over voltage on output | Upper ½ | |
| | Input voltage warning; no shutdown | Lower ½ | The power supply will save into RAM a count of these warning events. Events are count only at the initial assertion of the event/bit. If the event persists without clearing the bit the counter will not be incremented. When the power supply shuts down it will save these warning event counters to non-volatile memory. The counters will increment each time the associated STATUS bit is asserted. |
| | Thermal warning; no shutdown | Upper ½ | |
| | Output current power warning; no shutdown | Lower ½ | |
| | Fan slow warning; no shutdown | Upper ½ | |
| Power supply event data (N-1) | | 38 | |
| Power supply event data (N-2) | | 38 | |
| Power supply event data (N-3) | | 38 | |
| Power supply event data (N-4) | | 38 | |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

Name: MFR_REAL_TIME_BLACK_BOX
 Format: Write/Read Block with PEC (4 bytes)
 Code: DDh

The system will use this command to periodically write the real time clock data to the power supply.

Format is based on IPMI 2.0. Time is an unsigned 32-bit value representing the local time as the number of seconds from 00:00:00, January 1, 1970. This format is sufficient to maintain time stamping with 1 second resolution past the year 2100.

This is based on a long standing UNIX-based standard for time keeping, which represents time as the number of seconds from 00:00:00, January 1, 1970 GMT. Similar time formats are used in ANSI C.

Name: MFR_SYSTEM_BLACK_BOX
 Format: Write/Read Block with PEC (40 bytes). Low byte first.
 Code: DEh

The system uses this command to write the following data to the PSU.

| Item | Bytes | |
|-----------------------------|-------|------------|
| System top assembly number | 1–10 | Low bytes |
| System serial number | 11–20 | |
| Motherboard assembly number | 21–30 | |
| Motherboard serial number | 31–40 | High bytes |

Name: MFR_BLACKBOX_CONFIG
 Format: Read/Write Byte with PEC
 Code: DFh

| Bit | Value | Description |
|-----|---|--|
| 0 | 0 = disable black box function 1 = enable black box function | Writing a '1' enables the power supply with black box function. Writing a '0' disables the power supply black box function. The state of MFR_BLACKBOX_CONFIG will be saved in non-volatile memory so that it is not lost during power cycling. Intel will receive the power supply with the black box function enabled; bit 0 = '1'. |

Name: MFR_CLEAR_BLACKBOX
 Format: Send Byte with PEC
 Code: E0h

The MFR_CLEAR_BLACKBOX command is used to clear all black box records simultaneously. This command is write only. There is no data byte for this command.

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

FRU (EEPROM) Data

The FRU (Field Replaceable Unit) data format is compliant with the Intel IPMI v1.0 specification.

The CSU800AP series power supply uses 1 page of EEPROM for FRU purpose. A page of EEPROM contains up to 256 byte-sized data locations.

- Where:
- OFFSET -The OFFSET denotes the address in decimal format of a particular data byte within CSU800AP series power supply EEPROM.
 - VALUE -The VALUE details data written to a particular memory location of the EEPROM.
 - DEFINITION -The contents DEFINITION refers to the definition of a particular data byte.

CSU800AP-3-600 FRU (EEPROM) Data:

| OFFSET | | DEFINITION (REMARKS) | SPEC VALUE | |
|---|-------|---|------------|-------|
| (DEC) | (HEX) | | (DEC) | (HEX) |
| COMMON HEADER, 8 BYTES | | | | |
| 0 | 00 | FORMAT VERSION NUMBER (Common Header) 7:4 - Reserved, write as 0000b 3:0 - Format version number = 1h for this specification | 1 | 01 |
| 1 | 01 | INTERNAL USE AREA OFFSET (Not required, do not reserve) | 0 | 00 |
| 2 | 02 | CHASSIS INFO AREA OFFSET (Not required, do not reserve) | 0 | 00 |
| 3 | 03 | BOARD INFO AREA OFFSET (Not required, do not reserve) | 0 | 00 |
| 4 | 04 | PRODUCT INFO AREA OFFSET | 1 | 01 |
| 5 | 05 | MULTI RECORD AREA OFFSET | 10 | 0A |
| 6 | 06 | PAD (Not required, do not reserve) | 0 | 00 |
| 7 | 07 | ZERO CHECK SUM (256 - (Sum of bytes 0 to 6)) | 244 | F4 |
| PRODUCT INFORMATION AREA, 72 BYTES | | | | |
| 8 | 08 | FORMAT VERSION NUMBER (Product Info Area) 7:4 - Reserved, write as 0000b 3:0 - Format version number = 1h for this specification | 1 | 01 |
| 9 | 09 | PRODUCT INFO AREA LENGTH (In multiples of 8 bytes) | 9 | 09 |
| 10 | 0A | Language (English) | 25 | 19 |
| 11 | 0B | MANUFACTURER NAME Type/Length (C7H) 7:6 - (11)b, 8-bit ASCII + Latin 1, 5:0 - (000111)b, 7-byte allocation | 199 | C7 |
| 12 | 0C | MANUFACTURER'S NAME 7 bytes sequence "A"= 41h | 65 | 41 |
| 13 | 0D | "R"= 52h | 82 | 52 |
| 14 | 0E | "T"= 54h | 84 | 54 |
| 15 | 0F | "E"= 45h | 69 | 45 |
| 16 | 10 | "S"= 53h | 83 | 53 |
| 17 | 11 | "Y"= 59h | 89 | 59 |
| 18 | 12 | "N"= 4Eh | 78 | 4E |
| 19 | 13 | PRODUCT NAME Type/Length (D0H) Type = "ASCII+Latin 1" = (11)b length = 16 bytes = (010000)b | 208 | D0 |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

CSU800AP-3-600 FRU (EEPROM) Data:

| OFFSET | | DEFINITION (REMARKS) | SPEC VALUE | |
|--------|-------|---|------------|-------|
| (DEC) | (HEX) | | (DEC) | (HEX) |
| 20 | 14 | Product Name , 16 bytes sequence "CRPS800W" In Decimal = 067d, 082d, 080d, 083d, 056d, 048d, 048d, 087d, 032d, 032d, 032d, 032d, 032d, 032d, 032d, 032d In Hex = 43H, 52H, 50H, 53H, 38H, 30H, 30H, 57H, 20H, 20H, 20H, 20H, 20H, 20H, 20H, 20H | 67 | 43 |
| 21 | 15 | | 82 | 52 |
| 22 | 16 | | 80 | 50 |
| 23 | 17 | | 83 | 53 |
| 24 | 18 | | 56 | 38 |
| 25 | 19 | | 48 | 30 |
| 26 | 1A | | 48 | 30 |
| 27 | 1B | | 87 | 57 |
| 28 | 1C | | 32 | 20 |
| 29 | 1D | | 32 | 20 |
| 30 | 1E | | 32 | 20 |
| 31 | 1F | | 32 | 20 |
| 32 | 20 | | 32 | 20 |
| 33 | 21 | | 32 | 20 |
| 34 | 22 | | 32 | 20 |
| 35 | 23 | 32 | 20 | |
| 36 | 24 | PRODUCT PART/MODEL NUMBER Type/Length (CFH) Type = "ASCII+Latin 1" = (11)b length = 15 bytes = (001111)b | 207 | CF |
| 37 | 25 | Part / Model Number "CSU800AP-3-600" In Decimal = 067d, 083d, 085d, 056d, 048d, 048d, 065d, 080d, 045d, 051d, 045d, 054d, 048d, 048d, 032d In Hex = 43H, 53H, 55H, 38H, 30H, 30H, 41H, 50H, 2DH, 33H, 2DH, 36H, 30H, 30H, 20H | 67 | 43 |
| 38 | 26 | | 83 | 53 |
| 39 | 27 | | 85 | 55 |
| 40 | 28 | | 56 | 38 |
| 41 | 29 | | 48 | 30 |
| 42 | 2A | | 48 | 30 |
| 43 | 2B | | 65 | 41 |
| 44 | 2C | | 80 | 50 |
| 45 | 2D | | 45 | 2D |
| 46 | 2E | | 51 | 33 |
| 47 | 2F | | 45 | 2D |
| 48 | 30 | | 54 | 36 |
| 49 | 31 | | 48 | 30 |
| 50 | 32 | | 48 | 30 |
| 51 | 33 | | 32 | 20 |
| 52 | 34 | PRODUCT VERSION NUMBER Type/Length (C2h) Type = "ASCII+Latin 1" = (11)b length = 2 bytes = (000010)b | 194 | C2 |
| 53 | 35 | PRODUCT VERSION NUMBER BYTES , 2 bytes sequence "XX" | XX | XX |
| 54 | 36 | | XX | XX |
| 55 | 37 | PRODUCT SERIAL NUMBER Type/Length Type = "ASCII+Latin 1" = (11)b length = 13 bytes = (001101)b | 205 | CD |
| 56 | 38 | PRODUCT SERIAL NUMBER BYTES , 13 bytes sequence "XXXXXXXXXXXXX" | XX | XX |
| 57 | 39 | | XX | XX |
| 58 | 3A | | XX | XX |
| 59 | 3B | | XX | XX |
| 60 | 3C | | XX | XX |
| 61 | 3D | | XX | XX |
| 62 | 3E | | XX | XX |
| 63 | 3F | | XX | XX |
| 64 | 40 | | XX | XX |
| 65 | 41 | | XX | XX |
| 66 | 42 | | XX | XX |
| 67 | 43 | | XX | XX |
| 68 | 44 | | XX | XX |
| 69 | 45 | Asset Tag Type/Length Type = "ASCII+Latin 1" = (11)b length = 0 byte = (000000)b | 192 | C0 |
| 70 | 46 | FRU File ID Type/Length Type = "ASCII+Latin 1" = (11)b length = 0 byte = (000000)b | 192 | C0 |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

CSU800AP-3-600 FRU (EEPROM) Data:

| OFFSET | | DEFINITION | SPEC VALUE | |
|------------------------------------|-------|---|------------|-------|
| (DEC) | (HEX) | (REMARKS) | (DEC) | (HEX) |
| 71 | 47 | C1h (Type/Length byte encoded to indicate no more info fields) | 193 | C1 |
| 72 | 48 | 00h - Any remaining unused space | 0 | 00 |
| 73 | 49 | 00h - Any remaining unused space | 0 | 00 |
| 74 | 4A | | 0 | 00 |
| 75 | 4B | | 0 | 00 |
| 76 | 4C | | 0 | 00 |
| 77 | 4D | | 0 | 00 |
| 78 | 4E | | 0 | 00 |
| 79 | 4F | ZERO CHECK SUM (256 - (sum of bytes 8 to 78)) per unit Zero Check Sum: should follow check sum calculation as per IPMI v1.3 specs | | |
| Multi Record Area, 72 Bytes | | | | |
| 80 | 50 | Power Supply Record Header Record type = 00 for power supply | 0 | 00 |
| 81 | 51 | End of list / Record format version number | 2 | 02 |
| 82 | 52 | Record length of power supply record | 24 | 18 |
| 83 | 53 | Record CHECKSUM of power supply record (256 - (sum of bytes 85 to 108)) | | |
| 84 | 54 | Header CHECKSUM of power supply record header (256 - (sum of bytes 80 to 83)) | | |
| Power Supply Record | | | | |
| 85 | 55 | Overall Capacity of the Power Supply | 32 | 20 |
| 86 | 56 | 2 bytes sequence CSU800AP-3 = 800W 800W = 0320H(LSB First) | 3 | 03 |
| 87 | 57 | Peak VA, 1500VA = 05DCH | 220 | DC |
| 88 | 58 | 2 bytes sequence | 5 | 05 |
| 89 | 59 | Inrush Current, 35A In Decimal = 35 In Hex = 23H | 35 | 23 |
| 90 | 5A | Inrush Interval, 5mS In Decimal = 5 In Hex = 05H | 5 | 05 |
| 91 | 5B | Low End Input Voltage Range 1(10mV), (90V / 10mV) 9000 = 2328H 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 40 In Hex = 28H | 40 | 28 |
| 92 | 5C | In Decimal = 35 In Hex = 23H | 35 | 23 |
| 93 | 5D | High End Input Voltage Range 1(10mV), (264V/10mV) 26400= 6720H 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 32 In Hex = 20H | 32 | 20 |
| 94 | 5E | In Decimal = 103 In Hex = 67H | 103 | 67 |
| 95 | 5F | Low End Input Voltage Range 2(10mV), (Zero if single range) (signed) | 0 | 00 |
| 96 | 60 | | 0 | 00 |
| 97 | 61 | High End Input Voltage Range 2(10mV), (Zero if single range) (signed) | 0 | 00 |
| 98 | 62 | | 0 | 00 |
| 99 | 63 | Low End Input Frequency Range, 47Hz = 2FH | 47 | 2F |
| 100 | 64 | Low End Input Frequency Range, 63Hz = 3FH | 63 | 3F |
| 101 | 65 | AC Dropout Tolerance in ms, 10mS= 0AH | 10 | 0A |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

CSU800AP-3-600 FRU (EEPROM) Data:

| OFFSET | | DEFINITION (REMARKS) | SPEC VALUE | |
|------------------------------------|-------|---|------------|-------|
| (DEC) | (HEX) | | (DEC) | (HEX) |
| 102 | 66 | Binary Flags: For each of the following binary flags No = 0, Yes = 1. Bits 7-5: RESERVED, WRITE AS 000B Bit 4: Tachometer pulses per rotation / Predictive fail polarity BIT = 0 Bit 3: Hot swap / Redundancy support BIT = 1 Bit 2: Auto switch support BIT = 1 Bit 1: Power factor correction support BIT = 1 Bit 0: Predictive fail support BIT = 0 | 14 | 0E |
| 103 | 67 | Peak Wattage and Sustained Time, (Set for 960 Watts / 15 Sec) Bits 15:12 - Hold up time in seconds Bits 11:0 - Peak capacity (watts) (LSB First) [FFFh = unspecified] In Decimal = 192 In Hex = C0H (LSB First) In Decimal = 243 In Hex = F3H | 192 | C0 |
| 104 | 68 | | 243 | F3 |
| 105 | 69 | Combined Wattage, No combined voltages for power supply | 0 | 00 |
| 106 | 6A | | 0 | 00 |
| 107 | 6B | | 0 | 00 |
| 108 | 6C | Predictive Fail Tachometer Lower Threshold, not applicable. Predictive failure is not supported. | 0 | 00 |
| 12V DC OUTPUT RECORD HEADER | | | | |
| 109 | 6D | Record type = 09 for dc output record | 9 | 09 |
| 110 | 6E | End of list / Record format version number for 12V DC output record | 2 | 02 |
| 111 | 6F | Record length of 12V DC output record | 13 | 0D |
| 112 | 70 | Record CHECKSUM of 12V DC output record (256 - (sum of bytes 114 to 126)) | | |
| 113 | 71 | Header CHECKSUM of 12V DC output record header (256 - (sum of bytes 109 to 112)) | | |
| 12V DC OUTPUT RECORD | | | | |
| 114 | 72 | Output Information, 001 = 01H Bit 7: Standby information = 0B Bits 6-5: Reserved, write as 00B Bit 4: Current units, 0b = 10 mA, Bits 3-0: Output number 1 = 001B | 1 | 1 |
| 115 | 73 | Nominal Voltage (10mV), (12.00V / 10 mV => 1200 = 04B0H) 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 176 In Hex = B0H In Decimal = 4 In Hex = 04H | 176 | B0 |
| 116 | 74 | | 4 | 04 |
| 117 | 75 | Maximum Negative Voltage Deviation (10 mV), (11.40 V / 10 mV => 1140 = 0474H) 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 116 In Hex = 74H In Decimal = 4 In Hex = 04H | 116 | 74 |
| 118 | 76 | | 4 | 04 |
| 119 | 77 | Maximum Positive Voltage Deviation (10 mV), (12.60 V / 10 mV => 1260 = 04ECH) 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 236 In Hex = ECH In Decimal = 4 In Hex = 04H | 236 | EC |
| 120 | 78 | | 4 | 04 |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

CSU800AP-3-600 FRU (EEPROM) Data:

| OFFSET | | DEFINITION (REMARKS) | SPEC VALUE | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|---|------------|-------|
| (DEC) | (HEX) | | (DEC) | (HEX) |
| 121 | 79 | Ripple and Noise pk-pk (mV), 120 = 78H 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 120 In Hex = 78H In Decimal = 0 In Hex = 00H | 120 | 78 |
| 122 | 7A | | 0 | 00 |
| 123 | 7B | Minimum Current Draw (10 mA), 0 mA = 00H 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 0 In Hex = 00H In Decimal = 0 In Hex = 00H | 0 | 00 |
| 124 | 7C | | 0 | 00 |
| 125 | 7D | Maximum Current Draw (10 mA), (66.7 A / 10 mA => 6670 = 1A0EH) 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 14 In Hex = 0EH In Decimal = 26 In Hex = 1AH | 14 | 0E |
| 126 | 7E | | 26 | 1A |
| 12VSB OUTPUT RECORD HEADER | | | | |
| 127 | 7F | Record type = 01 for DC output record End of list /record format version number for 12 VSB output record Record length of 12VSB output record Record CHECKSUM of 12 VSB output record (256 - (sum of bytes 132 to 144)) Header CHECKSUM of 12 VSB output record header (256 - (sum of bytes 127 to 130)) | 1 | 01 |
| 128 | 80 | | 130 | 82 |
| 129 | 81 | | 13 | 0D |
| 130 | 82 | | | |
| 131 | 83 | | | |
| 12VSB OUTPUT RECORD | | | | |
| 132 | 84 | Output Information, 130 = 82H Bit 7: Standby information = 1B Bits 6-4: Reserved, write as 000B Bits 3-0: Output number 2 = 0010B | 132 | 82 |
| 133 | 85 | Nominal Voltage (10 mV), (12.00 V / 10 mV => 1200 = 04B0H) 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 176 In Hex = B0H In Decimal = 4 In Hex = 04H | 176 | B0 |
| 134 | 86 | | 4 | 04 |
| 135 | 87 | Maximum Negative Voltage Deviation (10 mV), (11.40 V / 10 mV => 1140 = 0474H) 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 116 In Hex = 74H In Decimal = 4 In Hex = 04H | 116 | 74 |
| 136 | 88 | | 4 | 04 |
| 137 | 89 | Maximum Positive Voltage Deviation (10 mV), (12.60 V / 10 mV => 1260 = 04ECH) 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 236 In Hex = ECH In Decimal = 4 In Hex = 04H | 236 | EC |
| 138 | 8A | | 4 | 04 |
| 139 | 8B | Ripple and Noise pk-pk (mV), 120 = 78H 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 120 In Hex = 78H In Decimal = 0 In Hex = 00H | 120 | 78 |
| 140 | 8C | | 0 | 00 |
| 141 | 8D | Minimum Current Draw (mA), 0 mA = 00H 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 0 In Hex = 00H In Decimal = 0 In Hex = 00H | 0 | 00 |
| 142 | 8E | | 0 | 00 |
| 143 | 8F | Maximum Current Draw (mA), (3 A / 1 mA => 3000 = 0BB8H) 2 bytes sequence In Decimal = 184 In Hex = B8H In Decimal = 11 In Hex = 0BH | 184 | B8 |
| 144 | 90 | | 11 | 0B |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

CSU800AP-3-600 FRU (EEPROM) Data:

| OFFSET | | DEFINITION (REMARKS) | SPEC VALUE | |
|--------|-------|--|------------|-------|
| (DEC) | (HEX) | | (DEC) | (HEX) |
| 145 | 91 | Reserved. Default value is 0. | 0 | 00 |
| 146 | 92 | Reserved. Default value is 0. | 0 | 00 |
| 147 | 93 | Reserved. Default value is 0. | 0 | 00 |
| 148 | 94 | Reserved. Default value is 0. | 0 | 00 |
| 149 | 95 | Reserved. Default value is 0. | 0 | 00 |
| 150 | 96 | Reserved. Default value is 0. | 0 | 00 |
| 151 | 97 | Reserved. Default value is 0. | 0 | 00 |
| 152 | 98 | (98h-FFh is reserved. Default value is 0.) | 0 | 00 |
| 153 | 99 | | 0 | 00 |
| 154 | 9A | | 0 | 00 |
| 155 | 9B | | 0 | 00 |
| 156 | 9C | | 0 | 00 |
| 157 | 9D | | 0 | 00 |
| 158 | 9E | | 0 | 00 |
| 159 | 9F | | 0 | 00 |
| 160 | A0 | | 0 | 00 |
| 161 | A1 | | 0 | 00 |
| 162 | A2 | | 0 | 00 |
| 163 | A3 | | 0 | 00 |
| 164 | A4 | | 0 | 00 |
| 165 | A5 | | 0 | 00 |
| 166 | A6 | | 0 | 00 |
| 167 | A7 | | 0 | 00 |
| 168 | A8 | | 0 | 00 |
| 169 | A9 | | 0 | 00 |
| 170 | AA | | 0 | 00 |
| 171 | AB | | 0 | 00 |
| 172 | AC | | 0 | 00 |
| 173 | AD | | 0 | 00 |
| 174 | AE | | 0 | 00 |
| 175 | AF | | 0 | 00 |
| 176 | B0 | | 0 | 00 |
| 177 | B1 | | 0 | 00 |
| 178 | B2 | | 0 | 00 |
| 179 | B3 | | 0 | 00 |
| 180 | B4 | | 0 | 00 |
| 181 | B5 | | 0 | 00 |
| 182 | B6 | | 0 | 00 |
| 183 | B7 | | 0 | 00 |
| 184 | B8 | | 0 | 00 |
| 185 | B9 | | 0 | 00 |
| 186 | BA | | 0 | 00 |
| 187 | BB | | 0 | 00 |
| 188 | BC | | 0 | 00 |
| 189 | BD | | 0 | 00 |
| 190 | BE | | 0 | 00 |
| 191 | BF | | 0 | 00 |
| 192 | C0 | | 0 | 00 |
| 193 | C1 | | 0 | 00 |
| 194 | C2 | | 0 | 00 |
| 195 | C3 | | 0 | 00 |
| 196 | C4 | | 0 | 00 |
| 197 | C5 | | 0 | 00 |
| 198 | C6 | | 0 | 00 |
| 199 | C7 | | 0 | 00 |
| 200 | C8 | | 0 | 00 |
| 201 | C9 | | 0 | 00 |
| 202 | CA | | 0 | 00 |

COMMUNICATION BUS DESCRIPTIONS

CSU800AP-3-600 FRU (EEPROM) Data:

| OFFSET | | DEFINITION (REMARKS) | SPEC VALUE | |
|--------|-------|--|------------|-------|
| (DEC) | (HEX) | | (DEC) | (HEX) |
| 203 | CB | (98h-FFh is reserved. Default value is 0.) | 0 | 00 |
| 204 | CC | | 0 | 00 |
| 205 | CD | | 0 | 00 |
| 206 | CE | | 0 | 00 |
| 207 | CF | | 0 | 00 |
| 208 | D0 | | 0 | 00 |
| 209 | D1 | | 0 | 00 |
| 210 | D2 | | 0 | 00 |
| 211 | D3 | | 0 | 00 |
| 212 | D4 | | 0 | 00 |
| 213 | D5 | | 0 | 00 |
| 214 | D6 | | 0 | 00 |
| 215 | D7 | | 0 | 00 |
| 216 | D8 | | 0 | 00 |
| 217 | D9 | | 0 | 00 |
| 218 | DA | | 0 | 00 |
| 219 | DB | | 0 | 00 |
| 220 | DC | | 0 | 00 |
| 221 | DD | | 0 | 00 |
| 222 | DE | | 0 | 00 |
| 223 | DF | | 0 | 00 |
| 224 | E0 | | 0 | 00 |
| 225 | E1 | | 0 | 00 |
| 226 | E2 | | 0 | 00 |
| 227 | E3 | | 0 | 00 |
| 228 | E4 | | 0 | 00 |
| 229 | E5 | | 0 | 00 |
| 230 | E6 | | 0 | 00 |
| 231 | E7 | | 0 | 00 |
| 232 | E8 | | 0 | 00 |
| 233 | E9 | | 0 | 00 |
| 234 | EA | | 0 | 00 |
| 235 | EB | 0 | 00 | |
| 236 | EC | 0 | 00 | |
| 237 | ED | 0 | 00 | |
| 238 | EE | 0 | 00 | |
| 239 | EF | 0 | 00 | |
| 240 | F0 | 0 | 00 | |
| 241 | F1 | 0 | 00 | |
| 242 | F2 | 0 | 00 | |
| 243 | F3 | 0 | 00 | |
| 244 | F4 | 0 | 00 | |
| 265 | F5 | 0 | 00 | |
| 246 | F6 | 0 | 00 | |
| 247 | F7 | 0 | 00 | |
| 248 | F8 | 0 | 00 | |
| 249 | F9 | 0 | 00 | |
| 250 | FA | 0 | 00 | |
| 251 | FB | 0 | 00 | |
| 252 | FC | 0 | 00 | |
| 253 | FD | 0 | 00 | |
| 254 | FE | 0 | 00 | |
| 255 | FF | 0 | 00 | |

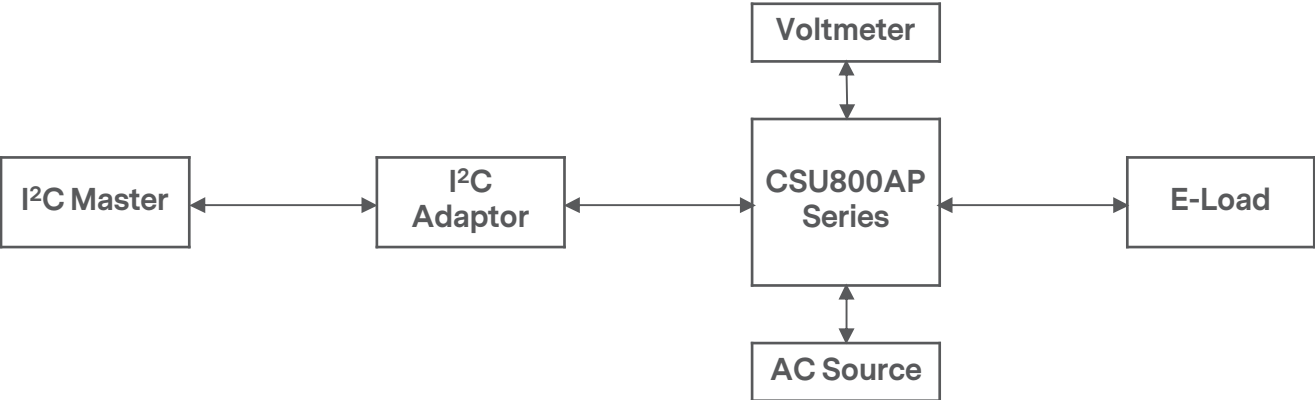
PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

The CSU800AP series is compliant with the industry standard PMBus™ protocol for monitoring and control of the power supply via the I²C interface port.

CSU800AP Series PMBus™ General Instructions

Equipment Setup

The following is typical I²C communication setup:



I²C Reading Accuracy

| Output Load | Input Voltage | Input Current | Input Power | Output Voltage | Output Current | Output Power | Temperature |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 20% to 30% | ±3% | ±3% | ±2% | ±3% | ±3% | ±3% | ±3°C |
| 30% to Full load | ±2% | ±2% | ±2% | ±2% | ±2% | ±2% | ±3°C |

PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

The CSU800AP Series Supported PMBus™ Command List:

| Command Code | Command Name | Default Value | Access Type | Data Bytes | Data Format | Description |
|--------------|----------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|-------------|---|
| 00h | PAGE | 00 | R | 1 | Hex | Valid input: 00h |
| 01h | OPERATION | 80 | R/W | 1 | Bitmapped | Used to turn the unit ON/OFF in conjunction with the input PSON pin. |
| | b7:6 | 10 | | | | 00 - Immediate turn OFF (No sequencing) 01 - Soft turn OFF (With sequencing) 10 - PSU ON |
| | b5:4 | 00 | | | | Reserved |
| | b3:2 | 00 | | | | Reserved |
| | b1:0 | 00 | | | | Reserved |
| 02h | ON_OFF_CONFIG | 1D | R/W | 1 | Bitmapped | The ON_OFF_CONFIG command configures the combination of CONTROL pin input and serial bus commands needed to turn the unit on and off. |
| 03h | CLEAR_FAULTS | 00 | S | | N/A | Send byte w/PEC |
| 05h | PAGE_PLUS_WRITE | | BW | | | Used with STATUS_INPUT, STATUS_TEMPERATURE, STATUS_IOUT |
| 06h | PAGE_PLUS_READ | | BR/BW | | | Used with STATUS_INPUT, STATUS_TEMPERATURE, STATUS_IOUT, STATUS_WORD |
| 19h | CAPABILITY | 90 | R | 1 | Bitmapped | Provides a way for the hosts system to determine some key capabilities of a PMBus™ device. |
| | b7 - Packet Error Checking | 1 | | | | 0 - PEC not supported 1 - PEC supported |
| | b6:5 - Maximum Bus Speed | 00 | | | | 00 - Maximum supported bus speed, 100 KHz 01 - Maximum supported bus speed, 400 KHz |
| | b4 - SMBALERT# | 1 | | | | 0 - SMBus Alert Pin not supported 1 - SMBus Alert Pin supported |
| | b3 - Numeric Format | 0 | | | | 0 - Linear11, Ulinear16, Slinear16, or Direct 1 - IEEE half precision floating point format |
| | b2 - AVSBus | 0 | | | | 0 - AVSBus not supported 1 - AVSBus supported |
| | b1:0 | 00 | | | | Reserved |
| 1Ah | QUERY | - | BR/BW | | N/A | Used to determine if the PSU supports a specific command; It should return the proper information about any commands listed. |

PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

The CSU800AP Series Supported PMBus™ Command List:

| Command Code | Command Name | Default Value | Access Type | Data Bytes | Data Format | Description |
|--------------|--------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| 1Bh | SMBALERT_MASK | - | BR/BW | | N/A | Default masks per Intel spec: Page 00: STATUS_VOUT = FFh STATUS_IOUT = FFh STATUS_INPUT = FFh STATUS_TEMP = FFh STATUS_CML = FFh Page 01: STATUS_VOUT = FFh STATUS_IOUT = DFh STATUS_INPUT = EFh STATUS_TEMP = BFh STATUS_CML = FFh Non-paged: STATUS_FANS_1_2 = FFh |
| 20h | VOUT_MODE | 17 | R | 1 | Bitmapped | Specifies the mode and parameters of output voltage related data formats. |
| 30h | COEFFICIENTS | - | BR/BW | 5 | Hex | Use to retrieve the m, b and R coefficients, needed for DIRECT data format. |
| | byte 5 | 00 | | | | R byte |
| | byte 4:3 | 0000 | | | | b low byte, b high byte |
| | byte 2:1 | 0001 | | | | m low byte, m high byte |
| 3Ah | FAN_CONFIG_1_2 | 90 | R | 1 | Bitmapped | |
| | b7 | 1 | | | | 0 - No fan is installed in position 1 1 - Fan is installed in position 1 |
| | b6 | 0 | | | | 0 - Fan is commanded in duty cycle 1 - Fan is commanded in RPM |
| | b5:4 | 01 | | | | 00 - 1 pulse per revolution 01 - 2 pulses per revolution 10 - 3 pulses per revolution 11 - 4 pulses per revolution |
| | b3:0 | 0000 | | | | Reserved |
| 3Bh | FAN_COMMAND_1 | 0000 | R/W | 2 | Linear | Adjusts the operation of the fans. The device may override the command, if it requires higher value, to maintain proper device temperature. Duty cycle control - Commands speeds from 0 to 100% |
| 4Ah | IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT | EA4C | R/W | 2 | Linear | Sets the over current warning threshold in Amps. (73.50 A) |
| 51h | OT_WARN_LIMIT | 0055 | R/W | 2 | Hex | Secondary ambient temperature warning threshold, in degree C. Operating limit (85 degC) |

PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

The CSU800AP Series Supported PMBus™ Command List:

| Command Code | Command Name | Default Value | Access Type | Data Bytes | Data Format | Description |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|-------------|---|
| 79h | STATUS_WORD | - | R | 2 | Bitmapped | Summary of units fault and warning status. |
| | b15 - VOUT | | | | | An output voltage fault or warning has occurred. |
| | b14 - IOUT | | | | | An output current or power fault or warning has occurred. |
| | b13 - INPUT | | | | | An input voltage, current or power fault or warning as occurred. |
| | b11 - POWER_GOOD# | | | | | The POWER_GOOD signal is de-asserted. |
| | b10 - FANS | | | | | A fan or airflow fault or warning has occurred. |
| | b7 - BUSY | | | | | A fault was declared because the device was busy and unable to respond. |
| | b6 - OFF | | | | | Unit is OFF. |
| | b5 - VOUT_OV_FAULT | | | | | Output over-voltage fault has occurred. |
| | b4 - IOUT_OC_FAULT | | | | | Output over-current fault has occurred. |
| | b3 - VIN_UV_FAULT | | | | | An input under-voltage fault has occurred. |
| | b2 - TEMPERATURE | | | | | A temperature fault or warning has occurred. |
| | b1 - CML | | | | | A communication, memory or logic fault has occurred. |
| b0 - NONE OF THE ABOVE | | | | | | |
| 7Ah | STATUS_VOUT | - | R | 1 | Bitmapped | |
| | b7 - VOUT Overvoltage Fault | | | | | VOUT Overvoltage Fault |
| | b4 - VOUT Under-voltage Fault | | | | | VOUT Under-voltage Fault |
| 7Bh | STATUS_IOUT | - | R | 1 | Bitmapped | |
| | b7 - IOUT Overcurrent Fault | | | | | IOUT Overcurrent Fault |
| | b5 - IOUT Overcurrent Warning | | | | | IOUT Overcurrent Warning |
| | b1 - POUT_OP_FAULT | | | | | POUT_OP_FAULT |
| | b0 - POUT_OP_WARNING | | | | | POUT_OP_WARNING |
| 7Ch | STATUS_INPUT | - | R | 1 | Bitmapped | Input related faults and warnings |
| | b5 - VIN_UV_WARNING | | | | | VIN Under-voltage Warning |
| | b4 - VIN_UV_FAULT | | | | | VIN Under-voltage Fault |
| | b3 - Unit Off for Low Input Voltage | | | | | Unit is OFF for insufficient input voltage. |
| | b1 - IIN_OC_WARNING | | | | | IIN Overcurrent Warning |
| | b0 - PIN_OP_WARNING | | | | | PIN Overpower Warning |
| 7Dh | STATUS_TEMPERATURE | - | R | 1 | Bitmapped | Temperature related faults and warnings |
| | b7 - Over temperature Fault | | | | | Over Temperature Fault |
| | b6 - Over temperature Warning | | | | | Over Temperature Warning |

PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

The CSU800AP Series Supported PMBus™ Command List:

| Command Code | Command Name | Default Value | Access Type | Data Bytes | Data Format | Description |
|--------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| 7Eh | STATUS_CML | - | R | 1 | Bitmapped | Communications, logic and memory |
| | b7 - Invalid_CMD | | | | | Invalid or unsupported command received |
| | b6 - Invalid_DATA | | | | | Invalid or unsupported data received |
| | b5 - PEC | | | | | Packet error check failed |
| 80h | STATUS_MFR_SPECIFIC | 01 | R | 1 | | |
| 81h | STATUS_FANS_1_2 | 00 | R | 1 | Bitmapped | |
| | b7 - Fan1 Fault | | | | | Fan1 fault |
| | b5 - Fan1 Warning | | | | | Fan1 warning |
| | b3 - Fan1 Speed Overridden | | | | | Fan1 speed overridden |
| 86h | READ_EIN | | BR | 6 | Direct | Returns the accumulated input power over time. |
| 87h | READ_EOUT | | BR | 6 | Direct | Returns the accumulated output power over time. |
| 88h | READ_VIN | | R | 2 | Linear | Returns input voltage in Volts AC. |
| 89h | READ_IIN | | R | 2 | Linear | Returns input current in Amperes. |
| 8Bh | READ_VOUT | | R | 2 | Linear | Returns the actual, measured voltage in Volts. |
| 8Ch | READ_IOUT | | R | 2 | Linear | Returns the output current in Amperes. |
| 8Dh | READ_TEMPERATURE_1 (Ambient) | | R | 2 | Linear | Returns the ambient temperature in degree Celsius. |
| 8Eh | READ_TEMPERATURE_2 (Hot Spot) | | R | 2 | Linear | Returns the hot pot temperature in degree Celsius. |
| 8Fh | READ_TEMPERATURE_3 (Pri-Spot) | | R | 2 | Linear | |
| 90h | READ_FAN_SPEED_1 | | R | 2 | Linear | Speed of fan 1 |
| 96h | READ_POUT | | R | 2 | Linear | Returns the output power in Watts. |
| 97h | READ_PIN | | R | 2 | Linear | Returns the input power in Watts. |
| 98h | PMBUS_REVISION | 22 | R | 1 | Bitmapped | Reads the PMBus revision number. |
| | b7:4 | 0010 | | | | Part 1 Revision 0000 - Revision 1.0 0001 - Revision 1.1 0010 - Revision 1.2 |
| | b3:0 | 0010 | | | | Part 2 Revision 0000 - Revision 1.0 0001 - Revision 1.1 0010 - Revision 1.2 |
| 99h | MFR_ID | ARTESYN#### #### (0x41 52 54 45 53 59 4E 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23) | BR | 15 | ASCII | Abbrev or symbol of manufacturers name, ASCII format. |
| 9Ah | MFR_MODEL | CSU800AP- 3##### (0x43 53 55 38 30 30 41 50 2D 33 23 23 23 23 23) | BR | 15 | ASCII | Manufacturers model number, ASCII format. |

PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

The CSU800AP Series Supported PMBus™ Command List:

| Command Code | Command Name | Default Value | Access Type | Data Bytes | Data Format | Description |
|--------------|------------------------------|--|-------------|------------|-------------|--|
| 9Bh | MFR_REVISION | NA | BR | 6 | ASCII | 1 st byte and 4 th byte: 0x00. 2 nd and 3 rd byte: Secondary major and minor revision. 5 th and 6 th byte: Primary major and minor revision. |
| 9Ch | MFR_LOCATION | LUODING (0x4C 55 4F 44 49 4E 47) | BR | 7 | ASCII | Manufacturers facility, ASCII format. |
| 9Eh | MFR_SERIAL | “xxxxxxxxxxxx xxxxx” | BR | 15 | ASCII | Unit serial number, ASCII format. |
| 9Fh | APP_PROFILE_SUPPORT | 3705 | R | 2 | | |
| A6h | MFR_IOUT_MAX | EA16 | R | 2 | Linear | Maximum output current (66.7 A) |
| A7h | MFR_POUT_MAX | 0320 | R | 2 | Linear | Maximum output power (800 W) |
| C0h | MFR_MAX_TEMP_1 (Ambient) | EA30 | R | 2 | Linear | Maximum ambient temperature (70 degC) |
| C1h | MFR_MAX_TEMP_2 (Hot Spot) | EA58 | R | 2 | Linear | Maximum hot spot temperature (95 degC) |
| D0h | MFR_COLD_REDUNDANCY_CONFIG | 00 | R/W | 1 | Hex | 00 - Normal 01 - Active 02 - Cold Standby 1 03 - Cold Standby 2 04 - Cold Standby 3 05 - Always Cold Standby |
| DCh | MFR_BLACKBOX | - | BR | 238 | | |
| DDh | MFR_REAL_TIME_BLACKBOX | - | BR/BW | 4 | | |
| DEh | MFR_SYSTEM_BLACK_BOX | - | BR/BW | 40 | | |
| DFh | MFR_BLACKBOX_CONFIG | - | R/W | - | | |
| E0h | MFR_CLEAR_BLACKBOX | - | S | - | | |
| F6h | Internal command | | | | | |
| F8h | Internal command | | | | | |
| F9h | Internal command | | | | | |
| FAh | Internal command | | | | | |
| FBh | Internal command | | | | | |

PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

The CSU800AP Series Firmware Update Command List:
 The power supply uses the following commands during the bootload process.

| Command Code | Command Name | Default Value | Access Type | Data Bytes | Description |
|--------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|------------|--|
| D4h | MFR_HW_COMPATIBILITY | - | R | - | This is a COMPATIBILITY value used to tell if there are any changes in the FW that create an incompatibility with the FW. This value only changes when the PSU HW is changed creating an incompatibility with older versions of FW. |
| D5h | MFR_FWUPLOAD_CAPABILITY | - | R | - | The system can read the power supply's FW upload mode capability using this command. For any given power supply, more than one FW upload mode may be supported. The supported FW upload mode(s) must support updating all available FW in the power supply. This power supply supports FW uploading in standby mode only. Bit 0: "1" FW uploading in standby mode only All other bits configurations are not supported. |
| D6h | MFR_FWUPLOAD_MODE | - | R/W | - | Writing a "1" puts the power supply into firmware upload mode and gets it ready to receive the first image block via the MFR_FW_UPLOAD command. The system can use this command at any time to restart sending the FW image. Writing a "0" puts the power supply back into normal operating mode. Writing a "1" restart. This command will put the PSU into standby mode if the PSU supports FW update in standby mode only. If the power supply image passed to the PSU is corrupt the power supply will stay in firmware upload mode even if the system requested the PSU to exit the FW upload mode. Value: 0 = Exit firmware upload mode 1 = Firmware upload mode |
| D7h | MFR_FWUPLOAD | - | BW | - | Command used to send each block of the FW image. |
| D8h | MFR_FWUPLOAD_STATUS | - | R | 2 | At any time during or after the firmware image upload the system can read this command to determine status of the firmware upload process. All bits get reset to "0" when the power supply enters FW upload mode. Bit 0: "1" full image received Bit 1: "1" full image not received. This remains asserted until the full image is received Bit 2: "1" bad or corrupt image received Bit 3: For future use Bit 4: "1" FW image is not supported and not received Bit 5-15: Reserved |

PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

The CSU800AP Series Firmware Update Command List:
 The power supply uses the following commands during the bootload process.

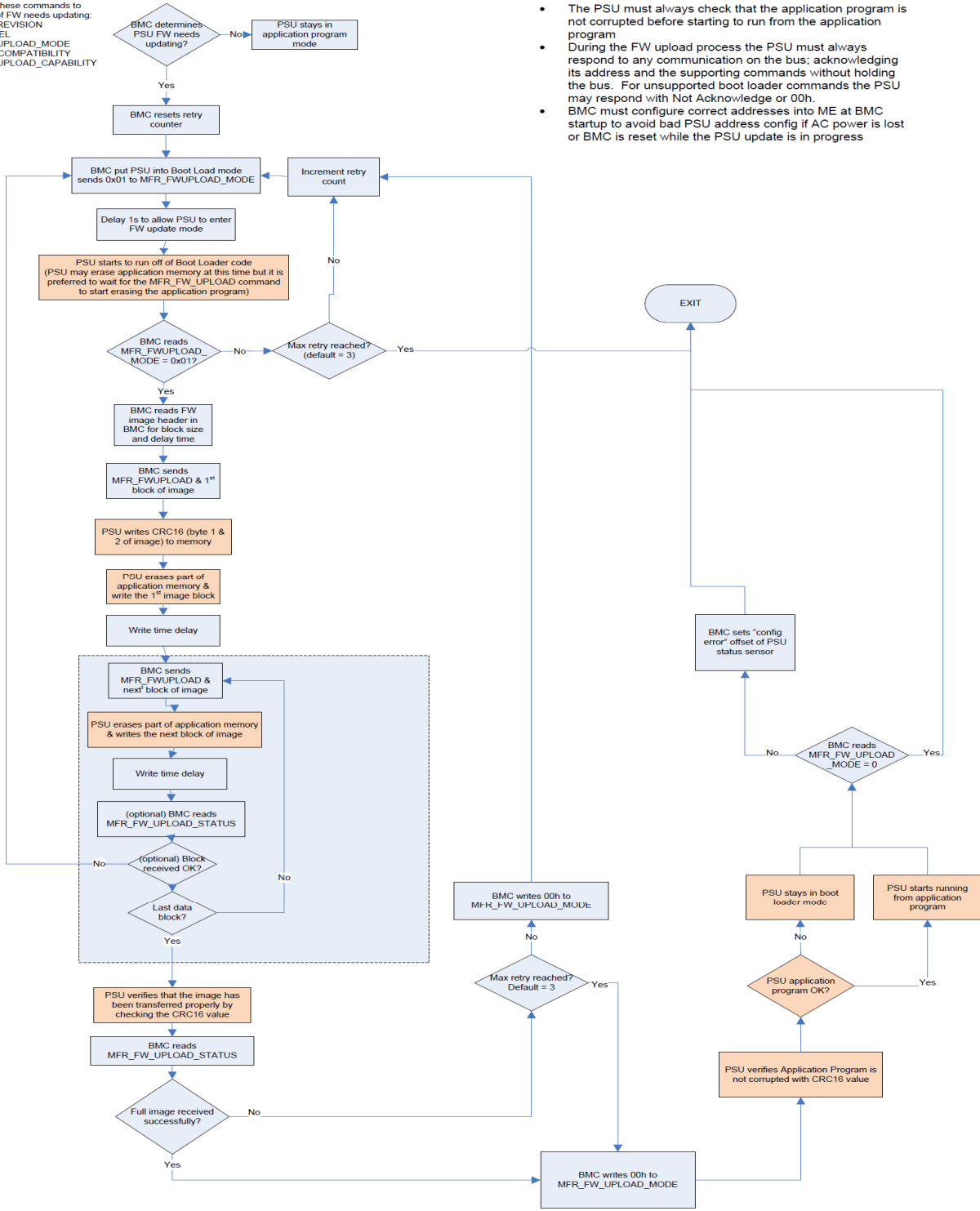
| Command Code | Command Name | Default Value | Access Type | Data Bytes | Description |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|------------|---|
| D9h | MFR_FW_REVISION | NA | BR | 3 | Describes revisions of the FW. Block Read with PEC (3 bytes) Byte 0: 0-255 minor revision, secondary Byte 1: 0-255 minor revision, primary Byte 3: 0-255 Bit 7: "1" down grading of PSU FW has to be avoided; "0" no restriction in downgrading the PSU FW. Bit 0-6: Major revision |

Note: While the PSU FW image is being updated the PSU will blink the green LED at a 2 Hz rate.

PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

Firmware Update Process

BMC uses these commands to determine if FW needs updating:
 MFR_FW_REVISION
 MFR_MODEL
 MFR_FW_UPLOAD_MODE
 MFR_HW_COMPATIBILITY
 MFR_FW_UPLOAD_CAPABILITY

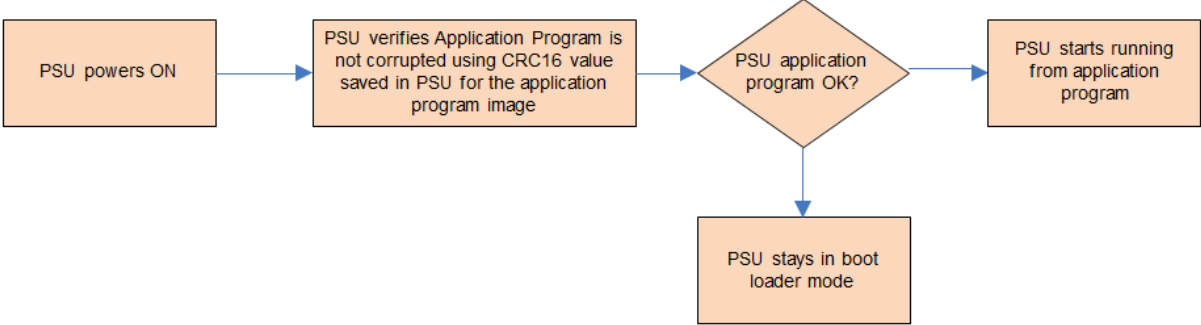


IMPORTANT!

- PSU may be in standby mode or ON mode during FW update process
- If the FW update process is interrupted at any point during the process; the PSU must always be able to return to the boot loader code.
- The PSU must always check that the application program is not corrupted before starting to run from the application program
- During the FW upload process the PSU must always respond to any communication on the bus; acknowledging its address and the supporting commands without holding the bus. For unsupported boot loader commands the PSU may respond with Not Acknowledge or 00h.
- BMC must configure correct addresses into ME at BMC startup to avoid bad PSU address config if AC power is lost or BMC is reset while the PSU update is in progress

PMBus™ SPECIFICATIONS

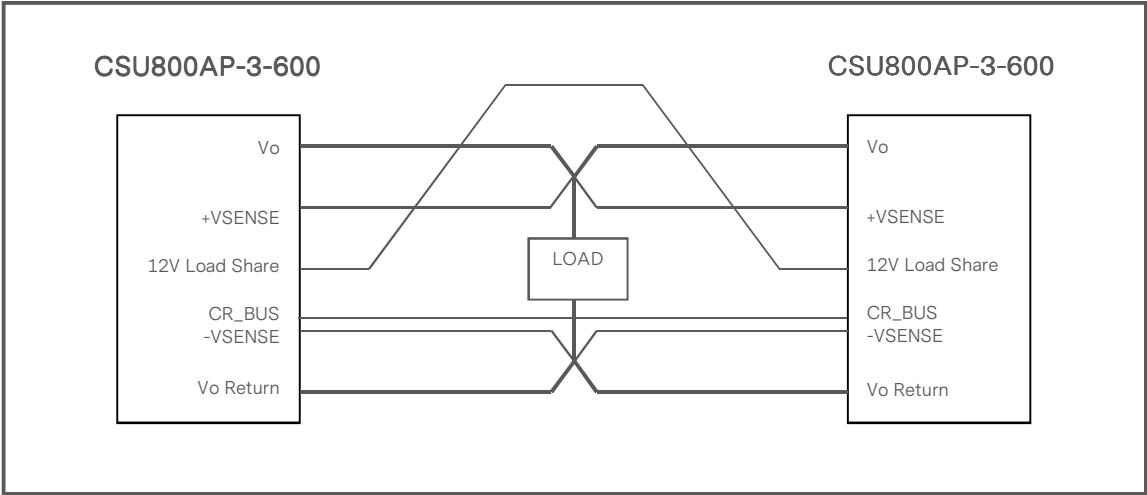
PSU Flow During Powering ON



APPLICATION NOTES

Current Sharing

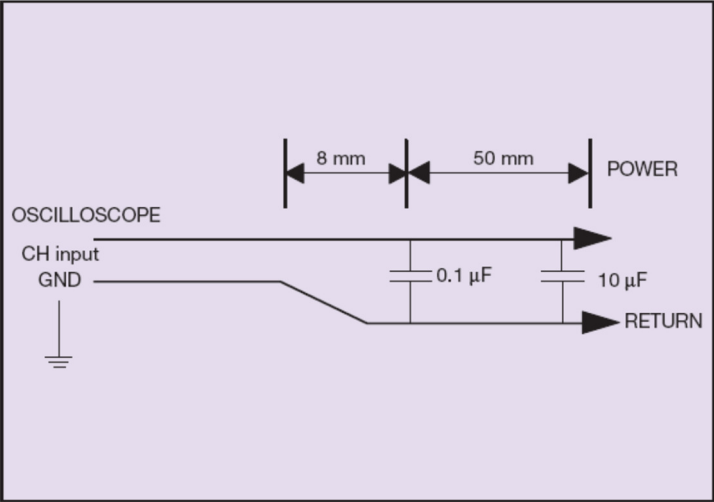
The CSU800AP series power supply main output V_O is equipped with current sharing capability. This will allow up to 4 power supplies to be connected in parallel for higher power application. Current share accuracy is typically 5% when the load is larger than 20%. When supplying light loads between 10% and 20% of its rated load, the power supplies will share within 10% accuracy. Below 10% total loading, there is no guarantee of output current sharing.



APPLICATION NOTES

Output Ripple and Noise Measurement

The setup outlined in the diagram below has been used for output voltage ripple and noise measurements on the CSU800AP series power supply. When measuring output ripple and noise, a scope jack in parallel with a 0.1 uF ceramic chip capacitor, and a 10 uF tantalum capacitor will be used. Oscilloscope can be set to 20 MHz bandwidth for this measurement.



RECORD OF REVISION AND CHANGES

| Issue | Date | Description | Originators |
|-------|------------|---|-------------|
| 1.0 | 12.29.2020 | First Issue | C. Liu |
| 1.1 | 02.24.2021 | Update the back cover | C. Liu |
| 1.2 | 05.28.2021 | Add the VIN_GOOD characteristics in the performance curve | A. Zhang |
| 1.3 | 09.07.2021 | Update PWOK signal for customer system side | C. Liu |



For international contact information,
visit advancedenergy.com.

powersales@aei.com (Sales Support)
productsupport.ep@aei.com (Technical Support)
+1 888 412 7832

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